
RevMan 5.3 User Guide

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Welcome to RevMan 5.3

Review Manager (RevMan) is The Cochrane Collaboration's software for preparing and maintaining Cochrane reviews.

RevMan facilitates preparation of protocols and full reviews, including text, characteristics of studies, comparison tables, and study data. It can perform meta-analysis of the data entered, and present the results graphically.

In addition to reviews of studies of the effects of healthcare interventions, you can use RevMan to write reviews of diagnostic test accuracy studies, reviews of studies of methodology and overviews of reviews. This user guide focuses primarily on of Cochrane Intervention reviews, with special sections for the features that are specific to the other review types.

Even if you are not new to RevMan, the Getting started section is a good place to begin.

We kindly ask you to cite RevMan whenever its output is used in works other than Cochrane Reviews. RevMan is cited as: Review Manager (RevMan) [Computer program]. Version 5.3. Copenhagen: The Nordic Cochrane Centre, The Cochrane Collaboration, 2014.



User guide last updated for RevMan 5.3.3 (24 June 2014).

Conventions

Conventions used in this user guide.

This user guide covers all four types of Cochrane review, but is focuses primarily on Cochrane Intervention reviews because these are by far the most common. There are special sections for the features that are specific to the other review types.

'Review' versus 'Full Review'

In this user guide, we generally use the term 'review' to describe a Cochrane review regardless of its stage or type, and the more precise terms 'Title', 'Protocol', and 'Full Review' to refer to specific stages of the review.

Using Menus

Menu actions will be described using the '>' sign. For example, "... use File > Import > Text of review" means that you should:

1. Click on File on the menu bar to open the File menu.
2. Move the pointer to the Import section to expand its subsections.
3. Click on the Text of Review item.

Context or right-click menus

We will use the term 'right-click menu' for what is also known as a 'context menu'. Most computers will be equipped with a mouse with multiple buttons, and on these, the menu will be activated by clicking the right button. If you have a single-button mouse, you will need to use a keyboard-click combination to open the menu. On Mac OS, the combination is Ctrl-click.

Getting started

Getting started

If you are new to RevMan, or to version 5.3, you might wish to begin by reading the following sections of this user guide:

- Starting a review - how to begin working on a new review.
- What's new - lists the many changes since version 5.2 of RevMan.
- Tutorial - self-paced training that teaches you the basics of RevMan 5.3.

What's new in RevMan 5.3

Major changes

Risk of Bias Summary at outcome level

The Risk of Bias (RoB) summary table for an outcome can now be viewed in data tables and the Forest Plot window and be included in Figures based on forest plots.

A new option under Tools> Preferences: Interface allows turning the RoB Summary on by default. It can be toggled for an individual outcome using the new Risk of Bias button.

Once you have added a figure of the type Forest Plot you can open the figure, edit the properties and select 'Show Risk of Bias Summary' to activate this. The Risk of Bias summary will then be located to the right of the forest plot graph.

Note on challenges for outcome level domains

Bias domains that apply at study level will be shown for all outcomes, but for outcome level domains, this feature will only work correctly if the relevant outcome groups have been specified in detail, e by selecting the outcomes for each group. RevMan 5.3 will adjust for that in two ways:

- If only a single outcome group exists for a domain, that will always be shown even if outcomes have not been added to it.
- If multiple outcome groups are defined, but the current outcome is not included in any of these, a warning (with guidance) will appear.

Compatibility with previous versions

If a review with figures that includes the Rob Summary is opened in RevMan 5.2 or earlier, the Rob Summary will not be displayed. If the review is then saved or checked in, those figures will lose the setting, and it must be reapplied using RevMan 5.3.

Guidance pane for MECIR incorporation

A Guidance pane to the right of the text can now show all MECIR reporting standards in context. The guidance is dynamically fetched from Archie when the user is online, so it can be updated in real time, but is also cached such that it is available offline. There content can be expanded in the future to include, for example, Training resources, Handbook Chapters, common errors, etc.

This pane is set to view by default when RevMan opens up, and can be closed using the 'x' and opened again using the 'i' icon, it can also be turned off on start-up by deselecting on the 'View' menu.

Flexible reviews

A new review type; 'Flexible reviews', can now be edited in RevMan. Use of the flexible review type within Cochrane is still being prototyped, and individual review groups (or authors) cannot currently write and publish these reviews without approval from the Methods Groups. In the Flexible review type only top-level sections and a few second level sections are mandatory. So far Prognosis reviews and Qualitative reviews can use the Flexible review format (more types will be possible in the future, and discussions are being initiated by IKMD to ensure an appropriate procedure to manage new review templates). There are no standard optional headings, and therefore there may need to be some consideration around standardising the format in which 'add-in' headings are used by authors to future-proof and attempt to standardise templates as best as possible.

Study Centric View

This is a new way to order the display of study information in a review. It groups all information regarding each study under the Study ID in the outline pane: References, Characteristics, Risk of Bias and Analysis results. The default view is also still available.

You can switch to Study Centric View using the toolbar over the tree view, or switch it on permanently under Tools > Preferences: Interface.

Medium-level changes

- **Document status indicator** - In the lower right hand corner of RevMan, there is now an indicator pane showing when the current review is not checked out or is not the latest version. On the far right hand side of this pane an icon shows which of the Archie servers is currently being used.
- **Backup button** - A button is added next to the 'Check in' button on the toolbar. When pressing the Backup button a backup is made of the review on Archie (RevMan checks in the review and checks it back out again). In the History inside Archie these backups will be titled/marked: "[Manual Backup]". The backup function is also accessible via the File menu.
- **Mark all links using Global Edit** - in the past, the Find & Mark Links function was used to search all text, but was imperfect because it would skip any text sections that were collapsed. Now it can be used to mark up selected paragraphs/sections, and Global Edit can be used to search the whole review. The action to mark all links in the review is added inside the "Global Edit" dialog as a checkbox. When using this action RevMan searches all text that can contain a link and marks links found.
- **Ability to select multiple lines "of same type"** - it is now possible to select multiple outcomes of different types in the outline pane. Thus a Continuous outcome can now be selected together with Dichotomous Outcome. It is also possible to select multiple Figures not of same type. To do this Expand the sections required, then either hold the Ctrl key and select items or use a combination of Ctrl+Shift+arrow up/down to select the items. Following this then right-click the selected items and choose the appropriate option from the context menu.
- **Display validation warning if PLS is missing in DTA reviews** - a warning will be displayed if the PLS is missing in DTA reviews. At a later point this will turn into an error as is the case for Intervention reviews.
- **Convert ligatures when pasting** - Multiple problems are connected with having ligatures in reviews. Six common ligatures are now converted into "ff", "fi", "fl", "ffi", "ffl" and "st" when pasted into RevMan. The reason for making this conversion is because it complicates searching in the RevMan text and Wiley has problems rendering them when publishing.
- **Fixed problem with formatted text in Flowcharts** - A bug not allowing to make formatted text in Flowcharts has been fixed.

- **Link to Comparison disabled** - when selecting comparisons in the link menu - the OK button is now disabled. Previously it wasn't and empty links was inserted in the text.
- **Fixed a problem when copying Figures between reviews** - copying figures between reviews didn't work previously. Now all figures are converted into a bitmap (thus not allowing for automatic update) when copied from one review to another - except for Flowcharts which are still possible to edit after being copied to another review.
- **Insert additional analysis result details in the text** - extra information can be added when using Insert Analysis Result.
- **Link to alternative calculator resources** - due to issues in calculating SE from P/t values for MD in continuous outcomes, a link to online resources, including an Excel sheet with alternative calculations has been added.
- **Improved Split Text of Review** - The Split view has been improved with regards to positioning the cursor.

Minor changes

- **Limit number of levels in lists to 3** - it is no longer possible to have more than 3 levels of indentation.
- **Removal of License for publication** - a dialog has been inserted telling the author to go to Archie.
- **Limit number of columns to 25 in tables** - An error will be displayed if there are more than 25 columns in a table. A warning will be displayed if more than 10 columns are created.
- **Validation of missing table link is now an error** - Wiley does not render Additional tables if they are not linked from the text.
- **Display dialog when using Find and Mark links menu item** - if no selection has been made and the user clicks Find and Mark links a message will display and open the Global Find dialog instead allowing for "global" search in the review.
- **Renamed Global Replace** - Dialog and action renamed to Global Edit.
- **Menu items relocated** - all link-related actions have been moved to the Edit menu.
- **Reference IDs can now have up to 50 characters** - the limit of the reference IDs have been increased from 25 characters to 50 characters.
- **Updated URLs** - The IKMD websites is now tech.cochrane.org (instead of tech.cochrane.org). The new addresses for Archie Test and Training servers are used: test-archie.cochrane.org and training-archie.cochrane.org. The feedback site is now ideas.cochrane.org.
- **Secure connection to Archie** - The default is now for RevMan to use SSL encryption when communicating with Archie.
- **Remove Link in context menu** - the Remove links action is now always present in the context menu (right click menu) if a link is inside the selection made.
- **Filter out Surrogate characters** - Surrogate characters are special characters that could otherwise corrupt a review if pasted in. They are now converted into "???" when pasting into RevMan.
- **Changed validation text when empty Summary title** - When PLS title is empty the validation warning is changed to "Empty title" instead of "Empty text".
- **No search in RevMan Help** - The option to search in the help file is now available again.

See also What's new in previous versions.

Starting a review

If you wish to use RevMan for a Cochrane review, you must base the review on a designated template provided by your Review Group.

You can also create reviews within RevMan for purposes other than publication in *The Cochrane Library*.

Getting a review template

When your Review Group has prepared the template, they will let you know that it is ready for check out from Archie.

Creating a new review

Click the New button on the toolbar. This opens the New Review Wizard.

Warning: If you create a review within RevMan instead of using a template from your Review Group, it will not be possible to make this into a Cochrane review for publication in The Cochrane Library without substantial later editing on your part to transfer the contents of your file into an official template.

Tutorials

The RevMan tutorial provides an introduction to the process of writing a Cochrane review. There are two tutorials, one for Intervention Reviews, and one for Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews.

TO OPEN A TUTORIAL

1. Choose Help > Tutorial > Intervention Reviews (or Help > Tutorial > Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews).
This opens the tutorial document PDF file.
2. Follow the instructions in the tutorial document.

Note: to open the tutorials, you must have software for viewing PDF files installed on your computer, e.g. the free Adobe Acrobat Reader, available from www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep2.html.

Content guidance

This user guide is focused on helping you use the software, and does therefore not provide guidance on review content or methodology. For such guidance please refer to the relevant Cochrane handbook or section, see below.

The Help menu also includes links to the websites for the Cochrane Style Resource and the Online Learning Modules.

If you need further assistance, please contact your Cochrane Review Group.

Guidance for intervention reviews

The Guidance pane Guidance pane to the right of the text can now show all MECIR reporting standards in context. The guidance is dynamically fetched from Archie when the user is online, so it can be updated in real time, but is also cached such that it is available offline. There content can be expanded in the future to include, for example, Training resources, Handbook Chapters, common errors, etc. This pane is set to view by default when RevMan opens up, and can be closed using the 'x' and opened again using the 'i' icon, it can also be turned off on start-up by deselecting on the 'View' menu.

The Cochrane Handbook for Systematic Reviews of Interventions is included with RevMan as a Help file.

TO OPEN THE HANDBOOK

Choose Help > Handbook > Intervention Reviews.

Many sections of reviews have also been linked directly with a relevant section in the handbook.

TO GET CONTEXT-SPECIFIC HANDBOOK HELP

Do one of the following:

- Right-click the element and choose Handbook.
- In windows or tabs with a Handbook button, click Handbook.

RevMan also includes a link to the handbook website, where you may find information about handbook updates, an online version (with nicer formatting than is possible in the Help file included with RevMan), and information on how to obtain PDF versions of chapters for easier printing.

TO VISIT THE HANDBOOK WEBSITE

Choose Help > Handbook > Intervention Reviews Website.

Guidance for diagnostic reviews

'Guide to the contents of a Cochrane review and protocol' of the Cochrane Handbook for Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews is included with RevMan as help file, under Help > Handbook > Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews (Content Help).

For the latest version of the handbook for diagnostic reviews, see the Cochrane Diagnostic Test Accuracy Working Group website. To do so, choose Help > Handbook > Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews Website.

Guidance for methodology reviews and overviews

The handbook for intervention reviews has sections dedicated to each of these two review types.

Using RevMan

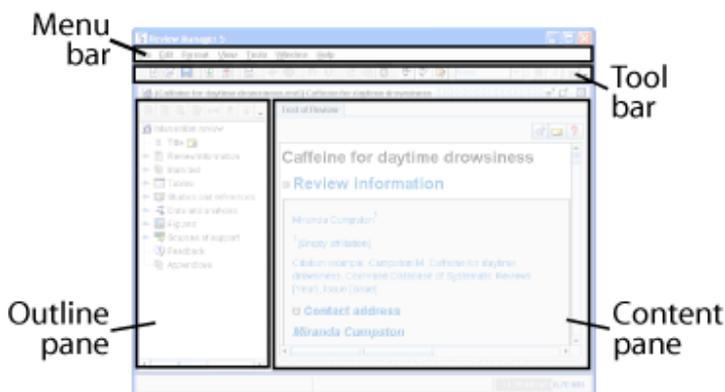
Using RevMan

RevMan works on multiple operating systems (MS Windows, Mac OS and Linux) because it has been developed using the Java Swing platform. This also means that RevMan will not always look the same as programs developed specifically for your operating system.

You can choose between various sets of 'look and feel' for RevMan. These are different for each operating system (see Interface preferences). In this user guide, we will use the Metal look and feel for all examples.

Overview

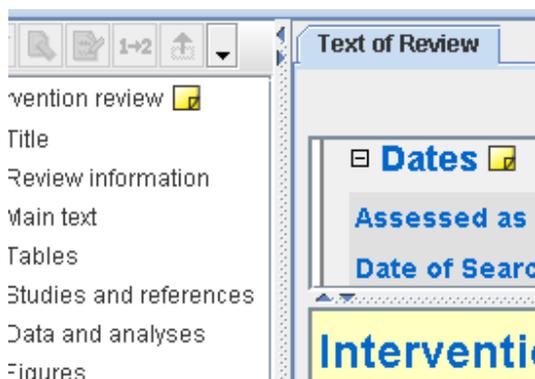
At the top of RevMan's main window is the menu bar and the main toolbar. Each open review document is displayed in its own window, which consists of an outline pane on the left and the content pane on the right.



The bottom of the window is used for a progress bar that show when RevMan is busy, e.g. when opening a review, and the Document status indicator.

Panes

Panes are used in several places in RevMan, e.g. on the tabs for data and analyses.



There is a panel divider between any two panes. You can click and drag the divider to adjust the relative size of the two panes. At one end of the divider there are two small arrow buttons, which can be used to collapse one of the panes, or restore a collapsed pane.

Split view

You can split the Text of Review pane into two sections by using View > Split Text of Review. This will enable you compare or reuse information from separate review sections without having to jump back and forth.

Menus, toolbars and keyboard shortcuts

The main menu bar contains menus that include all functions that apply to reviews in general. The most frequently used functions are also available from the main toolbar.

The outline pane has its own toolbar for functions related to the outline elements, that is, functions that only apply for a specific review section or element, and not the whole review. These functions can also be found in the element's right-click menu.

Some functions have keyboard shortcuts, which are shown in the menu next to the function. See Keyboard shortcuts for a full list of all shortcuts.

Many functions are also available in right-click menus. The right-click menu for a particular type of element contains those functions that are unique to that element type, or commonly used for it.

Examples:

- **Saving a review** - This is a button on the toolbar, is available from the File menu: File > Save, and has the keyboard shortcut Ctrl-S.
- **Importing text** - This is used less frequently and is only available from the File menu: File > Import > Text of Review.
- **Merging cells** - This function can only be used for table cells, so it is available from the Table menu and the right-click menu for tables.

Using the outline

The outline serves three functions:

- You can use it to navigate around the review, either by moving to a particular section in the Text of Review, or by opening the properties of an element in a new tab (see below). A single click on an outline element moves the view in the content pane to that section, while a double-click opens the element's tab (if that element opens in a separate tab).
- You can use it to modify or reorder elements of the review. For an example, see Organising studies.
- For each section of a review, it can display the validation status (see Validating reviews); whether it has a note; and, for Protocols, whether the section is published.

Tabs

When you open a review, the content pane only contains the Text of Review tab, where most of a review is edited. But some sections, such as references, have a special structure. When you open such a section, a new tab is added to the content pane.

You can have an unlimited number of tabs open. To close a tab, click the 'X' in front of the tab name. If you wish to close all open tabs, except for the Text of Review tab, use Window > Close All Tabs.

Tip: You can turn a tab into a separate window by double-clicking the tab. You can turn such a window back into a tab by minimising it.

Protected text

Blue is used for text that you cannot directly modify, such as fixed Headings.

Saving

Any change you make is immediately applied in the version you have open. You can use the save button in the menu bar at any time, or you can wait until you have finished editing your review. See [Saving a review](#).

Tip: You do not have to save your work manually all the time, because RevMan automatically saves a backup every 10 minutes. This is the default setting which you can change under General Preferences.

Closing reviews

You can close a review by checking it back in to Archie, or by simply closing the main review window.

When you close a review by closing the main window, RevMan can offer a number of options:

- For a review checked out from Archie, and not saved locally after the checkout:
 - If changes have been made, RevMan offers an option to check the review back in.
 - If no changes have been made, RevMan offers an option for undoing the check-out.
- For a review that has been saved locally (which may have been checked out before it was saved):
 - If changes have been made since saving, RevMan offers an option to save the review.
 - If no changes have been made, the review is closed.

In all the options listed above, you can always click Cancel to return to the review without closing it.

Welcome Window

The Welcome window opens when you start RevMan, unless you choose a different startup option. This window allows you to:

- Go to My Reviews. See [My Reviews](#).
- Open a review saved on your local machine. See [Opening a review](#).
- Read user documentation (Tutorial, Handbook or Help).

Tip: Pause the mouse cursor over a particular option to see its description on the right hand side.

You can also choose a different startup option from the list at the bottom.

See also [Interface preferences](#)

Windows

Each review you open will have its own window inside RevMan. In addition, many functions will open a separate window, and you can also transform tabs (see [Using RevMan](#)) into windows by double-clicking the tab.

For basic instructions on manipulating the size and location of windows, see the user documentation for your operating system.

If you have more than one review open, you can use the following options in the Window menu to arrange them:

- Tile Horizontally - this arranges the review windows side by side.
Tip: To maximize the width of the content pane while using this option, collapse the outline pane. (see [Using RevMan](#)).
- Tile Vertically - this arranges the review windows from top to bottom.

- Arrange All - this arranges all review windows in a grid. It is mainly useful for 4 or more windows.

Tip: All open windows are listed in the Window menu. If you have problems locating a previously opened window, click its name in the Window menu to bring it to the front.

Undo

Nearly all changes you make in RevMan can be undone with the Undo function. The maximum number of possible undo actions is determined by the Undo History Size setting, which you can specify under General preferences.

TO UNDO AN ACTION

1. Click the Undo button.

TO REDO AN ACTION

1. Click the Redo button

Tip: Pause the pointer over the Undo or Redo button to see a tool tip describing what will happen if clicked.

Collapsing and expanding sections

Review sections can be collapsed in the Text of Review tab to allow you to view only those sections you find relevant.

TO COLLAPSE OR EXPAND A SECTION

Click the Collapse or Expand Section icon in front of the section heading.

Tip: To include all sub-sections, Shift-click the Collapse or Expand icon.

You can turn off the ability to collapse sections under Interface preferences.

Renumbering

Some review elements are numbered. This includes comparisons and outcomes (in Intervention reviews), tests (in Diagnostic reviews) and figures.

When a numbered item is deleted, this may leave a gap in the numbering sequence. You can use the renumber function to correct this.

TO RENUMBER ITEMS

1. Click the parent element in the outline.
For example, to renumber outcomes, click the parent comparison.
2. Click Renumber [element] on the outline toolbar.

Keyboard shortcuts

The following shortcuts are available in the Windows version of RevMan.

Action	Shortcut
Bold	Ctrl-B
Clear	Delete
Check Spelling	F7

Copy	Ctrl-C
Cut	Ctrl-X
Find	Ctrl-F
Find and Mark Links	Ctrl-L
Handbook, Intervention Reviews	F2
Handbook, Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews	F3
Help	F1
Italic	Ctrl-I
Insert a symbol	Alt-[unicode number] See note.
New	Ctrl-N
Open	Ctrl-O
Paste	Ctrl-V
Print	Ctrl-P
Redo	Ctrl-Shift-Z
Refresh	F5
Replace	Ctrl-R
Save	Ctrl-S
Select all	Ctrl-A
Underline	Ctrl-U
Undo	Ctrl-Z

Note: You can type symbols directly into the text by pressing the Alt key while typing the Unicode number. For example, *Alt+20293* gives 徕. You can look up the Unicode number for a given character in the Insert Symbol window.

Published PDF preview

Reviews are published in two formats in *The Cochrane Library*: HTML and PDF. Neither format looks exactly like what you see in RevMan. You can use File > Wiley PDF Preview to see a preview of how your review will appear when formatted by as PDF by the publisher. The function sends the draft review to the publisher's server, which then returns a PDF file that will open in your standard software for viewing PDF files.

Please note: The operation may take some time, especially for very large reviews.

Should your PDF not appear satisfactory, the 'Improving your Cochrane Review PDF' guide with tips for improving the appearance is available on the IKMD website at <http://tech.cochrane.org/files/pdf-preview-tips>.

Support

This section is about support for the software-related aspects of using RevMan. For assistance with review methodology, see the section on Content guidance.

If you need help with using RevMan, but cannot find the answer in this user guide or on the RevMan website, you can ask you Cochrane Review Group for assistance.

If you encounter a possible bug in RevMan, or wish to suggest and improvements, you can send these directly to the developer team.

TO REPORT A PROBLEM

1. Choose Help > Report a Problem.
This opens the online problem reporting form.
2. Describe the problem as clearly as possible.
If the support team cannot understand your report, it will take longer for them to help you. Describe the steps that led up to the problem, and the exact nature of the problem. Remember to include the exact wording of any error messages.
3. Submit the form.
The support team will get back to you as soon as possible, usually within 24 hours on weekdays.

TO SUGGEST AN IMPROVEMENT

1. Choose Help > Make a Suggestion.
This opens the online suggestion form.
2. Fill in and submit the form.

See the RevMan web site at www.tech.cochrane.org/RevMan for more information, such as the FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions).

Reviews

Review types

RevMan 5 can be used to produce all types of Cochrane reviews, namely:

- Intervention reviews
- Diagnostic test accuracy reviews
- Methodology reviews
- Overviews of reviews
- Flexible reviews

Intervention reviews

This user guide covers all four types of Cochrane review, but is written from the perspective of Cochrane Intervention reviews because these are by far the most common. There are special sections for the features that are specific to the other review types.

Diagnostic test accuracy reviews

Background: Systematic reviews of diagnostic test accuracy

The main steps of a Cochrane review of diagnostic test accuracy studies are the same as the main steps of a Cochrane review of the effects of interventions:

1. Framing the question and definition of the objectives
2. Search and selection of studies
3. Quality assessment
4. Data extraction
5. Statistical analysis
6. Interpretation and presentation of results

However, there are some differences between intervention and diagnostic test accuracy research that impose special challenges to each of these six steps:

Many different designs are likely to have been used in diagnostic test accuracy studies, mostly non-randomized observational studies. There is no single, dominant design, such as the randomized trial for the effects of interventions, which is least prone to bias. This also complicates the indexing of diagnostic test accuracy studies in electronic bibliographic databases, such as MEDLINE.

The quality of the diagnostic test accuracy studies is likely to vary very widely, even among studies that have very similar designs. The relationship between study quality and study outcome is unclear, although several researchers have studied these relationships (Lijmer, Rutjes). Study quality is also difficult to assess because of the generally poor quality of the reporting of study methods.

The outcomes of diagnostic test accuracy research are very dependent on setting and patient population. Sensitivity, specificity, likelihood ratios and odds ratios depend very much on the characteristics of the people in whom the test is used, including any prior testing. These data are also reported poorly in most studies.

There is likely to be significant heterogeneity across diagnostic test accuracy studies, with many sources of heterogeneity being unique to this type of research, notably the role of the positivity threshold and the presence of various biases.

The methodology for quality assessment, meta-analysis and investigation of heterogeneity in diagnostic test accuracy are underdeveloped compared to the methodology for intervention research.

Sensitivity analysis

It is not possible to conduct sensitivity analyses in RevMan by omitting individual diagnostic studies. These analyses need also to be done outside RevMan.

See also Assessment of methodological quality (QUADAS-2), Data and analyses in diagnostic reviews, Constructing data tables, Covariates, Entering data, Analysis graphs in diagnostic reviews

Methodology reviews

Cochrane Methodology reviews bring together the findings of studies relevant to the methods of evaluating health and social care, sometimes with meta-analyses of their results. The structure of Cochrane Methodology reviews is very similar to the structure of Cochrane Intervention reviews but, because the target of the methodological intervention is likely to be a research study (rather than a person), some of the headings and subheadings have been changed to reflect this.

Overviews of reviews

For information on this type of Cochrane reviews, please see Chapter 22 of the Handbook.

Review properties

Cochrane reviews have an overall set of properties that can be viewed in RevMan. However, some of these can be edited only in Archie.

TO OPEN A REVIEW'S PROPERTIES

1. Right-click the topmost heading in outline, for example "Intervention review", and choose Properties.
The Properties window opens.

General properties

The Review ID and DOI are identifiers used in Archie and *The Cochrane Library*.

The Review Number can be used as a short label for the review. It can be edited in RevMan.

The Version number shows the version number of the review in Archie.

The Version description contains the description of the latest version when a review is checked out. It can be edited in RevMan.

Status shows if the review is active, withdrawn or inactive.

The Stage in RevMan can be either Protocol or Full Review. See the Handbook for details of these two stages. The stages Vacant Title and Registered Title are used in Archie, but not in RevMan.

Keywords

This element of reviews is currently not used. Text for this section will be added when the element comes into use.

MeSH terms

This element of reviews is currently not used. Text for this section will be added when the element comes into use.

Licence for publication

Authors of Cochrane reviews are required to assign an exclusive licence to The Cochrane Collaboration to publish their review in electronic editions of *The Cochrane Library*. This is done through a special licence form that is managed in Archie. Your Review Group will inform you when you need to fill in the form by sending you a link to an online form.

Flexible reviews

The Flexible review type is similar to an Intervention review in structure and possible content, but only the top-level text sections are mandatory.

Use of the flexible review type within Cochrane is still being prototyped, and individual review groups (or author teams) should not initiate reviews of this type without consulting the CEU.

Review/Protocol information

Title

The review title is shown at the top of the main text window, where it can be edited.

Note: when a review title has been agreed with the Review Group, authors should not change the title without the agreement of their Review Group.

You can use italic, super- and subscript in review titles, but you cannot modify the font or size, nor apply bold or underline.

Changing a review's title will not affect an existing filename used for the review (see Storing reviews locally), but it will affect the overall title of the review in Archie when the review is checked in.

Authors

The byline and author affiliations shown at the top of the Review Information section are generated automatically from the authors linked to a review.

You can use RevMan to choose the authors in the list and their order, but changes to the details for the authors must be made in Archie.

An author is assigned to a review by linking the review with her record in Archie. This means that a record must exist in Archie before an author can be added to a review. When an author has been assigned to a review, her details are stored within the review file, but they cannot be edited in RevMan. The contact details for author that are included in reviews are updated in two ways:

- automatically, whenever a review is checked out from Archie, the latest details for each author are inserted in the file;
- manually, by using the Refresh function (see below).

A review must have at least one author. If you create a review within RevMan (see Starting a review), a temporary author that is not linked to the Archie server may be created. If you have entered your name (under Preferences) this will be used for the author created, otherwise '[Empty name]' will be shown.

The Contact person does not need to be in the list of authors.

When you make changes to the list of authors or the Contact person, RevMan does not check with Archie if you have permission to do so. But when a review is checked in, your author changes will only take effect in Archie if you have the relevant permission. The report shown after you check in a review lists all changes to authors, and whether they were carried out or not.

Archie also allows setting up multiple author affiliations, by associating several of the person's addresses with the review.

TO ASSIGN AN AUTHOR

1. Expand the Review information heading in the outline.
2. Right-click the Authors heading and choose Add Author.
The New Author Wizard opens.
3. Choose whether to add an author that is linked to Archie, or a local record.
Note: Local records should not be used for Cochrane reviews.

4. Type the first name, last name or both.
You can narrow your search to authors in one Review Group by using the Author in Review Group pull-down list, or to those people with an author document role by using the Authors on This Review Only check box.
5. Click Search.
RevMan connects to Archie, and when the search is completed, the results are shown in the top right pane.
Note: if you specify a Review Group, but leave the name fields blank, all authors from that group are retrieved. This will typically take some time.
6. Click the name of the author you wish to assign.
If the person is not in the list, modify your search and try again. If you cannot find the person, they might not have a record in Archie. In such cases you should send the person's details to your Review Group so they can create the record.
7. Click Finish.

TO REMOVE AN AUTHOR

1. Expand the Review Information and Authors headings in the outline.
2. Right-click the name of the person and choose Delete Author.

TO CHANGE AUTHOR ORDERING

1. Expand the Review Information and Authors headings in the outline.
2. Right-click the author you wish to move and choose Move Up or Move Down.

TO VIEW AN AUTHOR'S DETAILS

1. Expand the Review Information and Authors headings in the outline.
2. Either
 - double-click the author name, or
 - right-click the name and choose Edit Author.

Author details open in a new tab in the main window - see Using RevMan for more on tabs. The right pane of the author details tab will show the full set of information for that author, while the left pane will show how much of that information will be published in the review.

Editing author details

RevMan does not allow author's details to be edited, but instead relies on data from Archie. This is to ensure that the correct and most up-to-date information for each author is used in every review they contribute to. An exception to this rule is local records, where you can edit the name, but no other details.

The details of a person in Archie can be modified by the person in question (if the person has a user account), and by the Super Users of their Primary Entity.

If you think there may be more recent details for the author available in Archie, you can download these to the review.

TO UPDATE AUTHOR DETAILS

1. Open the author's details (see above)
2. Click Refresh.

Citation example

RevMan will generate an example of how the review's citation will look based on the information currently in RevMan, but the Year and issue information shown will not match what will be published since that is dependent upon the actual issue in which the review is published. If a Last Citation Issue is available (see Dates), that information will be used in the example citation, otherwise "[year]" and "[issue]" will be used.

See also Contact person, Group authors, Conversion of author information from RevMan 4 format.

Contact person

A Cochrane review must have a contact person. This is done by linking a review to a person record in Archie.

Although the functionality is similar to that of Authors, the two sections are maintained independently. The person used for the Contact person is usually one of the authors, but does not have to be.

See Authors for information on how to modify the Contact person.

Group authors

If a team of authors wish to be cited as group, this can be achieved by using Archie's Group Author functionality. Records for group authors can be linked to reviews just like any other Archie record.

Note: Group author records cannot have Archie user accounts, so authors that wish to work on a review by connecting to Archie must be assigned to the review as individuals.

See Authors for information on how to assign authors.

Dates

You can add or modify the Assessed as Up-to-date, Date of Last Search, and Next Stage Expected fields by using the calendar tool or typing in the date.

TO USE THE CALENDAR TOOL TO CHOOSE A DATE:

1. Click the calendar button next to the field
2. Use the arrows next to the month and year to navigate to desired month.
3. Click the date.

TO TYPE IN THE DATE:

1. Use the date format dd mmm yyyy. For example, to input 24 December 2007, type "24 Dec 2007". When you are typing, the text in the field will be red if it cannot be parsed into a valid date.

Protocol First Published, Review First Published and Last Citation Issue are expressed as issues of *The Cochrane Library*. These cannot be edited in RevMan. If available, they are included in the review when it is checked out from in Archie.

What's new and History

You can use What's new events to describe the changes to the protocol or review since it was last published.

You can include multiple events in the What new section. For example, if your review has been updated, and the update has lead to a change in the conclusions, you should add both an 'Updated' event and a 'New citation: conclusions changed' event.

The three event types 'New citation: conclusions changed', 'New citation: conclusions not changed' and 'No longer being updated' are mutually exclusive, so you can only have one of these in your What's new section.

What's new events that do not relate to the current version of the review should be listed in the History.

For more information on using What's new and History, see the Handbook.

TO ADD A WHAT'S NEW EVENT

1. Right-click What's new and choose Add What's New Event. The New What's New Event Wizard opens.
2. Select the type of event from the pull down list.
3. Click Next.
4. Add a description of the event.
5. Click Next.
6. Assign a date for the event. The current date will be used by default.
7. Click Finish.

EDITING A WHAT'S NEW EVENT

- To change the date, click the calendar button and choose a new date - see Dates.
- To change the event type, select the type of event from the pull down list.
- To modify the description, edit the field.

TO MOVE A WHAT'S NEW EVENT TO HISTORY

1. Right-click the event in the outline, and choose Move to > History.

Conversion of author information from RevMan 4 format

The first time a RevMan 4 review is checked out of Archie and opened in RevMan 5, it will contain records for all authors linked to the review in Archie. If there are names in the byline that cannot be linked to an author record, RevMan will create additional authors for each of these names. Such authors will only contain the name, and a note that this name was generated based on the byline.

Common reasons for an additional author to be created are:

- the name in the byline spelled differently to the name in the Archie record, or
- the byline has been formatted incorrectly, e.g. it contained 'et al.', or
- the document role did not exist in Archie.

If one of these problems occurs, it will be necessary to ensure that the correct and complete records for each author are in Archie and that these are linked to the review. This can either be done from RevMan by choosing the correct records, or within Archie by assigning the author role before the review is checked out. Unwanted authors should be deleted from RevMan before the review is checked in again.

In some cases, the person assigned as Contact author in the RevMan 4 review should not appear on the byline, for example if a previous contact author have relinquished responsibility for the review, and this role is now filled by a member of the Review Group's editorial base. In such cases, the author should be deleted from the RevMan author list before the review is checked in again.

Group authors

RevMan 5 allows a group name to be used as the authors for the review. When an existing review with a group author is first opened in RevMan 5, all text in the byline will be interpreted as person names. For example, the 'Early Breast Cancer Trialists' Collaborative Group' would become an author called 'Breast Cancer Trialists' Collaborative Group Early'. Therefore, all group authors need to be created in Archie and assigned the document role Author for the review before the review is checked out to RevMan 5.

Main text

Main text

The main text contains a number of fixed headings that must be in every review. These cannot be modified, but you can add your own subheadings, see Headings.

Each text section can be collapsed and expanded individually, see Collapsing and expanding sections.

Paragraphs and line breaks

Text in RevMan is divided into paragraphs that are separated by spacing, but do not have a blank line in between. This means that you should only press the Enter key once to create a new paragraph. The spacing between paragraphs in RevMan cannot be modified.

Generally, you should use paragraphs or one of the list formats. If you need to insert a line break, you can do this with Shift-Enter.

Some types of formatting apply to paragraphs as a whole, while some formatting can be used for individual characters.

Paragraph formatting

Formatting that can be applied at the paragraph level are bulleted and ordered lists, and indentation, which can be used for creating nested lists (i.e. lists within lists).

TO APPLY LIST FORMAT

1. Select the text that should be in the list.
2. Click the Bulleted List or Ordered list button on the toolbar.
The list format is applied with each paragraph becoming a separate list item.

You can construct nested lists by using the indent buttons to adjust the level of list items. Note that you cannot indent to more than three levels.

Character formatting

You can format your text in the published review with bold, italics, underline, superscript and subscript by using the buttons on the main toolbar.

You can also apply text marker (ie, a yellow highlight) within RevMan, but this formatting will not be published (the highlighted text itself *will* be published, but without the highlighting). If you click the Sticky Marker button to the right of the text marker, everything you type will be highlighted, until you turn off the Sticky marker again.

Note: formatting such as bold or italics should not be used to signify a sub-heading. The heading paragraph styles must be used for this, see Headings.

You cannot modify the font size of individual characters, but you can change the overall size of the text as it appears in RevMan, see Interface options.

Links

You can insert links to other sections in the review, such as studies, or figures, see Links.

Symbols

See Inserting symbols

Tables

See Tables in main text

Track changes

See Track changes

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See Track changes

Headings

The main text of every Cochrane review contains fixed headings. These fixed headings are included as 'protected text', which cannot be deleted and is shown in blue.

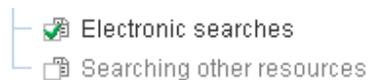
Three other types of headings can be used:

- **Predefined recommended headings.**
- **Suggested optional headings.**
- **User-defined headings.**

Headings are structured through heading levels, with Heading 1 being the highest level. This is reserved for the main section headings, such as Abstract and Discussion. A subheading should always be one level lower than the predefined heading of its parent section. For example, if you wish to add the optional heading "Adverse outcomes" under "Types of outcome measures", the heading should be added as a Heading 4, since the parent heading is at the Heading 3 level.

Recommended headings

All recommended headings are predefined in RevMan and included when a new review is created. They are represented with special icons in the outline:



TO REMOVE A RECOMMENDED HEADING

1. Right-click the heading and choose Deactivate Heading.

Note: Deactivating a heading will move any text in that section to the preceding section.

TO ACTIVATE A RECOMMENDED HEADING

1. Locate the heading in the outline.
2. Right-click the heading and choose Activate Heading.

Note: You do not have to include any text between a section's fixed heading and its first recommended subheading. If you do not do so, RevMan will show a blank line after the fixed heading so that text can be included there at a later date. This blank line will not appear when the review is published.

Optional and user-defined headings

Optional and user defined headings are added manually. The optional headings are described in the Handbook.

TO ADD AN OPTIONAL OR USER-DEFINED HEADING

1. Enter the heading text on a separate line.

2. Apply the relevant heading style using the pull-down list in the toolbar.

See also Main text.

Links

You can work with links in several ways. You can insert links by choosing them from a list or you can type the link text and mark it as a link later.

When a link has been made, the link text cannot be edited. If the relevant property of the destination element is modified, all links to it will be updated automatically.

Like most functions in RevMan, there are multiple ways accessing the Link function: you can use the Link button on the toolbar , the context (or right-click) menu, or the main menu: Edit > Insert Link.

TO INSERT A LINK

1. Either:
 - place the cursor where you wish the link to appear, or
 - select a string of text that the link should replace.
2. Click the Link button.
The Link window opens.
3. Choose the type of resource to link to.
The relevant resources will be listed on the right. If you had selected some text that matches a possible destination, such as "Figure 2", the type and destination will be pre-selected for you.
4. If linking to studies or references, choose between ordering the items chronologically (the default) or alphabetically.
5. Click the destination.
Or, if you are inserting a link to an internet resource, enter the address ("http://" is optional), and the text that should be used for the link.
Tip: You can select multiple items by holding the Ctrl key while clicking the references.
6. Click OK.
The link(s) appear in the text

TO MODIFY A LINK

1. Place the cursor within the link.
2. Click the Link button.
The Link window opens, allowing you to specify the link options. See 'To insert a link'.

TO FIND AND MARK LINKS IN SOME TEXT

1. Select the text.
2. Choose Edit > Find and Mark Links
All unlinked IDs in the selected text are found and made into links.
Note: The Find and Mark Links function only works on a selection of text and will skip any collapsed sections within your selection.

TO FIND AND MARK LINKS IN THE WHOLE REVIEW

1. Choose Edit > Global Edit ...
The Global Edit window opens.

2. Select Globally Find and Mark Links and click OK.
All unlinked IDs in the text are found and made into links.

TO GO TO A LINK'S DESTINATION

1. Right-click the link and choose Follow Link.

TO DELETE A LINK COMPLETELY

1. Delete the link text.

TO REMOVE A LINK

1. Place the cursor within the link.
2. Click the Remove Link button.
The link is removed, but the text is retained.

Inserting symbols

RevMan supports a variety of symbols, Greek, Latin, Cyrillic and East-Asian characters.

TO INSERT A SYMBOL

1. Locate the cursor where you want to insert a symbol, and one of the following:
 - Click  on the toolbar.
 - Right-click and choose Insert Symbol ...
2. Select the symbol to insert.
3. Click OK.

Tip: You can also type symbols directly into the text by pressing the Alt key while typing the Unicode number. For example, *Alt+20293* gives 徕. You can look up the Unicode number for a given character by using the Insert Symbol window.

Depending on the language and version of your operating system, you may need to install East Asian characters to include them into the Symbol Table.

TO INSTALL EAST ASIAN CHARACTERS (WINDOWS XP)

1. Click Start > Control Panel > Regional Languages and Options.
2. Click the Languages tab.
3. Check Install files for East Asian languages.
4. Click Apply.
5. If asked, insert the Windows XP installation CD and follow remaining instructions from the computer.

Ligatures

Ligatures are several letters are joint into a single glyph. They should generally not be used in Cochrane reviews. If you are pasting in text that contains the most common ligatures, RevMan will convert them into their non-ligature format: ff,fi, fl, ffi, ffl, st.

See also Keyboard shortcuts.

Inserting analysis results

You can insert the result of an analysis as the summary estimate plus 95% confidence intervals (and optionally, the numbers of participants and studies, or the I^2) into the text of the review as a string provided by RevMan.

TO INSERT AN ANALYSIS RESULT

1. Place the cursor at the point in the text where you wish to insert the result.
2. Choose Edit > Insert Analysis Results.
The Insert Analysis Results window opens, showing all comparisons and outcomes.
3. Click the outcome that you wish to insert results from.
The analysis results of the highlighted outcome will be shown in the box below the list.
Note: Only outcomes set to calculate totals and subtotals will generate a result that can be inserted. For more information totals, see Outcome properties.
4. Selects any of additional informations as desired: the numbers of participants, the number of studies, or the I^2
5. Click OK.
The results are inserted in the text.

Note: Results are inserted as ordinary text, which can be edited. When results have been inserted, they are not updated automatically if the analysis changes.

Published notes

Published notes is an optional section of the main text that can be used for notes to be published with the review. If you have notes that apply to specific sections, you may be able to insert these as Footnotes.

In addition to the Published notes and footnotes, you can attach Internal notes to any section of the review. These will not be published.

Track changes

You can use the Track Changes feature to record most changes made to the review text, so that they can subsequently be accepted or rejected.

TO RECORD CHANGES YOU MAKE

1. Click the Track Changes button on the toolbar.
Inserted text will be in green, and deleted text will be in red, with strike through.

Tip: enter your name under General preferences to have your name recorded for the changes you make.

Resolving changes

You can review and accept or reject changes as you come across them in the text, or you can use a function to go through each change.

When you see an individual change in the text, pausing the cursor over the change displays a tool tip that shows when the change was made and by whom.

TO RESOLVE AN INDIVIDUAL CHANGE

1. Right-click the changed text and choose Accept Change or Reject Change.

Tip: You can select a block of text containing several changes, and then accept or reject all changes in the selected block by using the right-click menu.

TO RESOLVE MULTIPLE CHANGES

1. Use Tools > Accept or Reject Changes.
The Accept or Reject Changes window opens.
2. To find the next change after the cursor position click the Find button.
If a change is found, it will be selected in the Text of Review pane.
3. Click Accept or Reject as appropriate.
The next change found will be highlighted.
If you wish to accept or reject all further changes automatically, use Accept All or Reject All.
4. Repeat 3 as needed.
5. Click OK.

Limitations

Sections that are edited in a separate pane (so they appear in protected text in the Text of Review pane), such as references, cannot have their tracked changes resolved in the text of Review. Instead, you must open each section individually to resolve its changes.

You can also accept every single change, including those in other sections, without reviewing them by using the Global replace function.

Publication and track changes

If a review that contains tracked changes is marked for publication, the version published will include all the changes as if they had been accepted, with no special formatting.

Find and replace

You can use the Find function to locate text in the whole review, except for sections that are collapsed. See Collapsing and expanding sections.

The Replace function allows you to replace the found text in nearly all of the review, with the exception of protected text sections. Examples of protected text include the fixed and optional headings, which you can not modify, and the references, which you can only modify on their own separate tabs.

The Global replace function works on more sections, but does not allow you to review changes individually.

TO FIND TEXT

1. Use Edit > Find.
The Find window opens.
2. Enter the text string you wish to find.
Tip: if you had selected some text before opening the Find window, the selection will automatically be suggested as the text to find.
3. Specify any additional criteria.
You can select one or more of the following options:
 - Match case
 - Find whole words only (e.g. searching for 'sum' with this option selected would find 'sum' but not 'summary')
 - Ignore protected text
 - Formatting: Bold, Italic, Underline, Superscript, Subscript, and Text Marker.

4. Click Find.
If the text string is found, it will be shown in the Text of Review tab.
5. If you wish to look for further occurrences, repeat step 4.
6. Click Cancel when you have finished.

TO REPLACE TEXT

1. Use Edit> Replace.
The Replace window opens.
2. Enter the text you wish to find and specify any additional criteria - see 'To find text'.
3. Enter the text you wish to replace the found text with.
If you leave this field blank, using Replace or Replace all will delete the found text without replacement.
4. Click Find.
Repeat if necessary until you have located the first occurrence of the text string that you wish to replace.
5. Either:
 - Click Replace to replace the currently selected occurrence.
Repeat this to replace additional occurrence one at a time.
 - Click Replace All to replace all occurrences of the search string.
Note: You cannot replace protected text, such as headings.
6. Click Cancel when you have finished.

Tip: Ctrl-F and Ctrl-R are the keyboard shortcuts for Find and Replace.

Importing text

RevMan can import the main text of the review from files in HTML format. But the file must have the correct headings, and cannot have too much extra formatting. The function is primarily intended for importing files that were originally exported from RevMan (see Exporting text).

Warning: If you edit RevMan HTML files in Microsoft Word and import them back into RevMan, check the results carefully. For example, you will most likely have to reapply the correct paragraph formatting for all bulleted and numbered lists.

TO IMPORT TEXT

1. Use File > Import > Text of Review.
The Import Text Wizard opens.
2. Click Next.
The Open window opens.
3. Locate and click the file you wish to import. Click Open.
The wizard shows a preview of the chosen file. To choose a different file, click the Open button.
4. Click Next.
The wizard shows a list of the text sections. If you click a section name, the pane on the right shows what would be imported for that section.
5. Select the sections to import and click Finish.
The number of successfully imported sections is reported.

6. Click OK.

Global edit

The global edit function has two overall uses:

- Replacing a particular string of text with another string. This is similar to Find and replace, but also affects sections that are not editable or visible in the Text of Review pane, such as protected text (e.g. references) or collapsed sections.
- Making a change throughout the review, such as deleting all notes.

Note that you cannot combine the two uses; when you choose one of the bottom options, the function to replace text is disabled.

TO REPLACE TEXT

1. Choose Edit > Global Edit.
The Global replace window opens.
2. Enter the text to find, and the text to replace with.
3. Click OK.

TO REMOVE ALL MARKER, ACCEPT ALL CHANGES, DELETE ALL NOTES OR FIND ALL LINKS

1. Choose Edit > Global Replace.
The Global replace window opens.
2. Select one or more of the following options:
 - Globally Remove All Marker. This removes all text marker (the yellow highlight), but leaves the marked text.
 - Globally Accept Tracked Changes. This accepts all tracked changes without reviewing them individually.
 - Globally Delete Notes. This deletes all notes from the review.
 - Globally Find and Mark links. This finds all unlinked IDs in the review (including collapsed sections) and makes them in to links.
3. Click OK.

Tables

About tables

There are five types of table in RevMan:

- Tables in main text - optional, used for presenting limited amounts information in tabular format within the main body of text.
- Characteristics of studies tables - mandatory tables used for recording the characteristics of studies that are included, excluded, awaiting classification, or ongoing. Each type of study has a number of predefined attributes, and you can include additional attributes.
- Risk of bias tables - optional, used for additional characteristics of included studies. They are called Assessment of methodological quality tables in diagnostic reviews. In diagnostic reviews using the QUADAS-2 standard, the quality assessment interface is merged into the Characteristics of studies, but in the published review both tables are rendered separately.
- Summary of findings tables - optional, can be generated with Grade Profiler software and imported (for Intervention reviews) , or created within RevMan.
- Additional tables - optional, used for tables that are too large, or not sufficiently important to be in the main body of text.

Appearance of published tables

RevMan does not reproduce the exact appearance of tables as they will be published in *The Cochrane Library*. See also Published PDF preview.

Tables in main text

You can use tables within the main body of text.

Constructing in-text tables

TO INSERT A TABLE

1. Position the cursor where you wish a table to appear
2. Click the Table button.
A table containing three rows and three columns will be inserted.

TO ADD ROWS OR COLUMNS

1. Right-click a table cell where you wish the new row or column to appear.
2. Choose either Insert Row Above, Insert Row Below, Insert Column To The Left, or Insert Column To The Right.

TO REMOVE ROWS OR COLUMNS

1. To remove multiple rows or columns, select a series of cells that span the rows or columns you wish to remove.
2. Right click a cell in the rows or columns you wish to remove.
3. Choose Delete Rows or Delete Columns.

TO MERGE CELLS

1. Select the cells you wish to merge
2. Right-click within the table and choose Merge Cells

TO SPLIT A MERGED CELL

1. Right-click a merged cell and choose Split Cells

Formatting tables

In addition to the formatting that is available within all of the main text, tables have two further options: heading cells, and cell alignment.

TO MAKE A CELL A HEADING

1. Right-click the cell and choose Toggle Heading/Cell
The heading formatting is applied to the cell.

You can specify the vertical and horizontal text alignment for each cell.

EXAMPLE: TO SET A ROW TO BE ALIGNED BOTTOM CENTRE

1. Select the cells in the row
2. Right-click within the table and choose Alignment > Align Centre.
3. Right-click within the table and choose Alignment > Align Bottom.

Width and height

You do not have to specify the width and height of tables or individual cells. Instead, cells (and thereby row, columns and tables) will expand automatically to fit the content.

Note: If a column is too wide, it is probably because one of its cells contains a long word. RevMan can only wrap the text in a cell when it contains a space.

Warning: Do not hyphenate words to adjust the column widths in RevMan; when published, the tables are almost certain to have a different width than what you see in RevMan.

Characteristics of studies tables

Each category of study (included, excluded, awaiting classification and ongoing) has a special table where you provide the attributes of the relevant studies.

In Intervention and Methodology reviews, each study also has a Risk of bias table.

Diagnostic reviews can also have a separate Assessment of methodological quality table.

In Diagnostic reviews using QUADAS-2, data entry for the two tables have been combined into one due to overlap between the expected content of the 'Characteristics of included studies' table and that of the description expected for each domain in the table. However, in the published review both tables are rendered separately. It is possible to preview the characteristics table.

TO ENTER STUDY CHARACTERISTICS

1. Locate the table in the outline.
2. Double-click the study for which you wish to enter the data.
In the Text of review tab, the text cursor moves to the first field in the table
3. Enter the characteristics.
Tip: Use the Tab key to move to the next row; use Shift-Tab to move up one row.

User defined characteristics

The four tables have a predefined set of standard characteristics, but you can also add up to three user defined characteristics for each study category.

TO ADD USER DEFINED CHARACTERISTICS:

1. Open the table properties.
Click the table in the outline, and then click the Properties button on the outline toolbar.
2. Select up to three user defined characteristics.
3. Enter a Heading for each characteristic.
4. Click OK.

Ordering studies

Studies in the characteristics tables can be ordered in three ways:

- Study ID - sorted alphabetically by the study ID. This is the default setting.
- Year of Study - sorted on the Year field of the study's properties (and then alphabetically by Study ID). Studies without a year are listed first.
- User defined order - sorted by the user by moving studies up and down in the outline.

TO CHOOSE A SORT ORDER:

1. Open the table properties.
Click the table in the outline, and then click the Properties button on the outline toolbar.
2. Choose the order you want from the Sort By pull-down list.
3. Click OK.

TO SPECIFY A USER-DEFINED ORDER:

1. Click one of the studies you wish to reorder.
2. Click the Move Up or Move Down buttons in the outline toolbar to move the study.
Note: these buttons are only active if you have set the table to user-defined order.
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2, until the studies are in the desired order.

Risk of bias tables

Each included study has a Risk of bias table. Each row in the table consists of:

- A risk of bias item, e.g. 'Allocation concealment (Selection bias)'.
Tip: To see the underlying explanation, pause the cursor over the item to display a tool tip text.
- The authors' judgement for that item.
- A description that supports the judgement.

You can choose between a number of predefined risk of bias items, and add your own. Some risk of bias items are assessed for the study as a whole while others must be assessed at the outcome level.

For more information on the rationale and use of risk of bias tables, see the Handbook.

The Risk of bias tables are called Assessment of methodological quality tables in diagnostic reviews.

TO ACTIVATE AN ITEM

1. Open the properties for the Risk of bias tables.
Click the Properties icon next to the Risk of bias table heading.
2. Select the item you wish to activate.
Click on the item in the left pane. The predefined items are blue and cannot be modified, while user-defined items are black.
3. If the item must be assessed at the outcome level, add one or more outcome groups, see 'To add an outcome level group'.
4. Select the Activated check box.
If the check box is grayed out, it is because outcome groups have not yet been specified, see above.
5. Click OK.
The properties window closes and the new item is added to the table. If you defined multiple outcome groups, there will be a row for each.

TO ADD A USER-DEFINED ITEM

1. Open the properties for Risk of bias tables.
Click the Properties icon next to the Risk of Bias Table heading, and go to the Risk of Bias Tables tab.
2. Add the new item.
Click the Add button beneath the left pane.
The item will be created with the default name 'New item'.
3. Edit the name in the Item field.
4. Input the Full Question.
5. Specify the assessment level.
6. Activate the item (see above).
7. Click OK.

TO SPECIFY A USER-DEFINED ORDER

1. Open the properties for the Risk of bias tables.
2. Click one of the risk of bias items you wish to reorder.
3. Click Move Dn or Move Up to move the item.
4. Repeat steps 3 and 4, until the items are in the desired order.
5. Click OK.

Study or outcome level assessment

Some risk of bias items are assessed for the study as a whole (e.g. 'Allocation concealment?') while others must be assessed at the outcome level (e.g. 'Blinding').

To use assessment at the outcome level, you must:

- have created the relevant outcomes, see Constructing a comparison table, and
- add one or more outcome level groups.

TO ADD AN OUTCOME LEVEL GROUP

1. Open the properties for the Risk of bias tables.
Click the Properties icon next to the Risk of bias table heading, and go to the Risk of Bias Tables tab.
2. Select the item you wish to change.
Click on the item in the left pane.
3. Click the Add button to the right of the list of outcome groups.
A new group with the label 'All outcomes ' is created.
4. Modify the label of the outcome group.
5. Select the outcomes that should be part of the group from the list below.
6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 to create the number of groups you require.
7. If needed, activate the item.
8. Click OK.

Blank entries and publication

If a Risk of bias table contains an item with an empty description field and the judgement is set to 'Unclear risk', this row of the table will not be published with the review in *The Cochrane Library*. This is a way for authors to include an item for one study, but not others.

Changes from RevMan 5.0

The risk of bias item names, judgements and explanations were updated in RevMan 5.1.

When creating a new review, the Risk of bias table will contain seven risk of bias items. The item 'Blinding (performance bias and detection bias)' has been split in to two items: 'Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)' and 'Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)'. All items in the Risk of bias table will be activated by default.

The table below shows the mapping between Risk of bias items created in RevMan 5 opened in RevMan 5.1 or later:

RevMan 5.0		When edited in RevMan 5.1	
Item	Full question	Bias	Explanation
Adequate sequence generation?	Was the allocation sequence adequately generated?	Random sequence generation (selection bias)	Selection bias (biased allocation to interventions) due to inadequate generation of a randomised sequence
Allocation concealment?	Was allocation adequately concealed?	Allocation concealment (selection bias)	Selection bias (biased allocation to interventions) due to inadequate concealment of allocations prior to assignment
Blinding?	Was knowledge of the allocated interventions adequately prevented during	Blinding (performance bias and detection bias)	Performance bias or detection bias due to knowledge of the allocated interventions after assignment

	the study?		
Incomplete outcome data addressed?	Were incomplete outcome data adequately addressed?	Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)	Attrition bias due to amount, nature or handling of incomplete outcome data
Free of selective reporting?	Are reports of the study free of suggestion of selective outcome reporting?	Selective reporting (reporting bias)	Reporting bias due to selective outcome reporting
Free of other bias?	Was the study apparently free of other problems that could put it at a high risk of bias?	Other bias	Bias due to problems not covered elsewhere in the table
Free of bias X?	[entered by the user]	Free of bias X?	[entered by the user]

Summary of findings tables

Summary of Findings tables can be generated and added to RevMan in two ways:

- Prepared in Grade Profiler and imported to RevMan. This is the recommended option.
- Prepared using RevMan's table component.

TO IMPORT A SUMMARY OF FINDINGS TABLE

1. Right-click the Summary of Findings Tables heading in the outline and choose Add Summary of Findings Table.
The New Summary of Findings Table Wizard opens.
2. To accept the default option to Import The Table From a File Created in GRADEprofiler, click Next.
3. Choose the file to import, and click Open.
The file must already have been created and saved from GRADEprofiler.
4. Click Finish.

TO CREATE A SUMMARY OF FINDINGS TABLE USING THE REVMAN EDITOR

1. Right-click the Summary of Findings Tables heading in the outline and choose Add Summary of Findings Table.
The New Summary of Findings Table Wizard opens.
2. Choose the Create a table using RevMan's table editor option and click Next.
3. Enter the title and click Next.

4. Choose Outcomes and/or subgroups that should be included in the table, click Add and then Next.
Selected outcomes and/or subgroups appear in text box list on the right side.
Tip: You can select more than one Outcome and/or subgroup at a time by holding CTRL and selecting Outcome and/or subgroup with the left mouse button and then click Add.
Tip: You can use the Move Up and Move Dn buttons to arrange the list of selected outcomes and/or subgroups.
5. Choose the columns to include in the table and click Finish.

For more information on Summaries of findings, see section 11.5 in the Handbook.

Additional tables

Additional tables have all the functionality of tables in main text, but have some additional characteristics:

- They have a Title (which can be edited on the table's Properties).
- They can have footnotes.
- They can be linked to in the main text.

TO CREATE AN ADDITIONAL TABLE

1. Right-click the Additional Table heading in the outline and choose Add Table.
The New Additional Table Wizard opens.
2. Go through the steps in the wizard.
Specify a title and the number of rows and columns.
3. Click Finish

TO PASTE A TABLE FROM ANOTHER PROGRAM

1. Copy a table to the clipboard (e.g., from Microsoft Word).
2. Right-click the Additional Table heading in the outline and choose Add Table.
The New Additional Table Wizard opens.
3. Specify a title and click Next.
4. Choose the Paste in a table copied from another program option.
5. Click Finish.
A new table is appeared in the Additional tables section.

You can also create additional tables by transforming a table from the main text or an appendix.

TO MOVE A TEXT TABLE TO ADDITIONAL TABLES

1. Right-click anywhere within the table and choose Move to Additional Tables.
You can choose whether to insert a link to the new table at the location it was moved from.

Studies and references

About studies and references

Studies

A study will have one or more references and may be used in the analysis. The basic attributes of a study are:

- Study ID - a label identifying the study, which is used in the data tables and in links to the study in the text. The standard format is "Cochrane 1970". The ID can be no longer than 45 characters.
- Year the study was conducted.
- One or more references.

Studies are divided into four categories:

- Included studies - studies that meet the inclusion criteria.
- Excluded studies - studies that do not meet the inclusion criteria, but appear to do so.
- Studies awaiting classification - studies that have been identified, but not yet fully assessed for inclusion or exclusion by the authors.
- Ongoing studies - studies that are not yet completed, but are likely to be considered for inclusion in the future.

See also Characteristics of studies tables

You can add studies one by one, or create several studies at a time by importing their references.

See also Organising studies.

References

There are four types of references:

- References to studies
- Other references
 - Additional references (cited in the text)
 - Other published versions of this review
 - Classification pending references

References of the type Other references all have a Reference ID that is similar in function to the Study ID (see above).

See also Editing references and Importing references.

Organising studies and References

There are three ways you can work with studies and references in the outline:

- With the right-click menu.
- Using drag and drop.
- Using the keyboard to cut, copy and paste.

Moving multiple elements

You can select multiple elements of the same general type (study, reference, outcome, figure, etc) and then move, copy or delete all of them at the same time.

TO SELECT MULTIPLE ELEMENTS ONE AT A TIME

1. Click the first record you want to select.
2. While holding down the Ctrl key, click each additional record you want to highlight. Each record will be highlighted.

To select a series of element

1. Click the first record in the series you want to highlight.
2. Hold down the Shift key and click the last record in the series you want to highlight. All records in between will also be highlighted.

Copying studies between reviews

You can copy a study from one review to another, including all references, study characteristics and the risk of bias table. Note that only those risk of bias items that are active in the target review will be transferred.

TO COPY A STUDY TO ANOTHER REVIEW

1. Right-click the study that you want to copy and choose Copy.
2. Open the target review.
3. Right-click the Included Studies heading and choose Paste.

Tip: You can also copy study data rows, outcomes or whole comparisons. You should first have copied all relevant studies, otherwise any studies missing from the target review will be created as blanks.

Importing references

You can import references from other sources into your review. The process has two main steps, one of which takes place within RevMan:

- First, outside of RevMan, retrieve the references you want and save them in a format RevMan can open (see 'Preparing a reference file' immediately below).
- Then, within RevMan, import the file and organise the references.

See also Importing studies.

Preparing a reference file

RevMan can read four reference formats:

- RIS format - a generic format supported by most reference management software.
- PubMed MEDLINE format - files downloaded from PubMed using MEDLINE format.
- RevMan format - supported by RevMan 4 and 5; can be generated from reference management software by using the relevant output style. See the RevMan web site at <http://tech.cochrane.org/revman/documentation/reference-management> for updated output styles.
- Vancouver format. Note that for Vancouver style, RevMan accepts only journal articles.

To import your references to RevMan, you must have saved them in a text file in one of these four formats somewhere on your computer.

Importing

TO IMPORT REFERENCES

1. Use File > Import > References.
The Import References Wizard opens.
2. Go through the steps in the Wizard.
3. Click Finish.

Tip: If you import a file that also contains non-reference text, RevMan will try to ignore the text. The number of lines ignored will be shown beneath the preview of the import file.

Importing studies

You can use the Import Studies function to import new studies (including identifiers, references and characteristics), but also update existing studies. The study information you want to add or update must be in a special study exchange XML format (see <http://tech.cochrane.org/revman/documentation/file-formats> for specifications).

When you import, RevMan will first match the studies in the file against what is already in your review, and suggest the appropriate action. The matching algorithm will primarily look for identical unique identifiers (e.g. ISRCTN for a study or PubMed ID for a reference). When a match is found, RevMan will by default update the existing study with the information in the import file, overwriting the existing content. You will have the option to override this, and create a new study instead.

TO IMPORT STUDIES

1. Use File > Import > Studies.
The Import Studies Wizard opens.
2. Click Next.
The Open window opens
3. Locate the file you wish to import and click Open.
4. Click Next.
A report shows how the import file matches against the studies already in the review, and the default actions. Expand sections to see the details. Content being overwritten is shown in red. For studies where a match is found, you can choose to create them as new instead. For studies with no match found you can choose to not import them at all.
5. Click Finish.
The Import Studies Report opens. You can print or save it if you wish to review the results later.
6. Click OK

Editing references

You can enter or edit references directly in RevMan. Each reference opens in a separate tab, where it is edited in a structured format with a field for each element. On a reference tab you will see:

- Reference ID or Study ID. If the reference is an Other reference, the reference ID can be edited here. For study references, the Study ID is displayed, but cannot be edited (to modify it, edit the study; or to choose a different study, move the reference).

- Reference Type. For each type, some fields are required and others optional.
- For study references only: option to select as the primary reference.
- The fields that make up the reference.
- A section for optional identifier fields, such as MEDLINE ID.
- A preview pane showing the formatted reference.

TO EDIT A REFERENCE

1. Locate the reference in the outline and double-click it.
The reference opens in a tab.
2. Choose the Reference type from the pull-down list.
3. Enter the information in the relevant fields.
Fields that are required for the chosen reference type are shown with a bold label.
4. Close the reference tab when you finished with editing.

Tip: If a study has multiple references, you can browse between them with the  and  buttons.

Formatting in references

You can insert symbols and apply text marker in all reference fields, but in most fields you cannot apply any other formatting. The exception is the English title and Original title filed where you can also apply italics, superscript and subscript - see 'Character formatting' in the Main text section.

The list of journals

Instead of typing in the journal name, you can choose it from a predefined list of journal names.

TO USE THE LIST OF JOURNALS

1. Right-click in the field for entering Journal/book/source and use Choose From List.
The Choose a Journal window opens.
2. Click the journal you wish to insert.
Tip: You can use the keyboard to quickly navigate in the list. Type one or more letters to jump to the first journal that begins with the letter(s).
3. Click OK.
The window closes and the journal name is inserted, replacing any text previously in the field.

TO CUSTOMIZE YOUR JOURNAL LIST

1. Right-click in the field for entering Journal/book/source and choose Edit Custom Journals List ...
The journals.txt file opens.
2. Enter each journal on a separate line.
3. Save the file, then close it.

Your custom journals are shown in a special section at the top of the journals list.

Tip: You can also edit the list of default journals available in your version of RevMan by editing the following file: [installation folder]\misc\journals.txt. The default installation folder on Windows is 'C:\Program Files\Review Manager 5\'.

Primary reference

If a study has more than one reference, one of them can be selected as the primary reference.

Study centric view

In the default view, information for a study is shown in multiple places, based on the type of information. Study Centric View groups all information for a study under the Study ID in the outline pane: References, Characteristics, Risk of Bias, and allows seeing all Analysis results for that study on a single tab.

You can switch to Study Centric View using the toolbar over the tree view, or switch it on permanently under Interface preferences.

Data and analyses

Constructing a comparison table

Cochrane Intervention reviews are based on the comparison of two interventions, and the comparison table reflects this. Studies will be analysed as two-way comparisons (e.g. X versus control, or X versus Y).

The comparison table has a maximum of three levels:

- comparisons,
 - their outcomes,
 - and their subgroups, if any.

You create the comparison table by adding your comparisons, and then adding the relevant outcomes and subgroups. When you have created your outcomes, you can add studies to these for use in the analysis, see Adding studies to an analysis. When the comparison table has been created and studies have been added, you will be able to enter the data for the review - see Entering data.

Other types of review have other ways of handling the analyses, see Data and analyses in diagnostic reviews.

Comparisons

TO ADD A COMPARISON

1. Right-click the Data and Analyses heading in the outline and choose Add Comparison. The New Comparison Wizard opens.
2. Enter a Name for the comparison.
You can type in the name, or base the name on that of an existing comparison. To do so:
 1. Click the down arrow at the end of the Name box to open a pull-down list of all comparisons.
 2. Choose the comparison you wish to base the name on.
 3. Edit the name.
3. Click Finish.

Other ways of adding a comparison:

- Click the Data and Analyses heading in the outline, and then click the Add button on the toolbar.
- Click the Add Comparison button in the Data and analyses section in the Text of Review.

Outcomes

TO ADD AN OUTCOME

1. Right-click the relevant comparison in the outline and choose Add Outcome. The New Outcome Wizard opens.
2. Choose the data type for the outcome, and click Next.
3. Enter a Name for the outcome.
You can type in the name, or use the name of an existing outcome. To use an existing name:
 1. Click the down arrow at the end of the Name box to open a pull-down list of all outcomes.

2. Choose the outcome name you wish to use. You can edit the name, if necessary.
4. Edit the Group Labels, and click Next.
5. Specify the analysis method, and click Next.
6. Specify the analysis details, and click Next.
7. Specify the graphs details, and click Next.
8. Choose the next action, and click Finish.

Once you have created an outcome, you can change the details of the analysis by modifying the properties of the outcome. See Outcome properties.

Subgroups

TO ADD A SUBGROUP

1. Right-click the relevant outcome in the outline and choose Add Subgroup. The New Subgroup Wizard opens.
2. Enter a Name for the Subgroup.
You can type in the name, or use the name of an existing subgroup. To do so:
 1. Click the down arrow at the end of the Name box to open a pull-down list of all subgroups.
 2. Choose the subgroup name you wish to use. You can edit the name, if necessary.
3. Click Finish.

Outcomes can contain either studies or subgroups (which contain studies). If studies have been added to an outcome, you cannot also add subgroups. If you do need to use subgroups for that outcome, you can use the Introduce Subgroup option to create a subgroup and move all the studies to this.

Comparison properties

You can use the comparison properties window to modify:

- The name of the comparison.
- The group labels used in all outcomes for that comparison.

TO CHANGE THE GROUP LABELS FOR ALL OUTCOMES FOR A COMPARISON:

1. Open the outcome properties
Click the outcome and then click the Properties button in the outline toolbar.
2. Select Set Group Labels For All Outcomes.
3. Enter the labels you wish to use.
Note: Even if you only wish to modify one of the labels, you must fill in both in Group Label 1 and Group Label 2. If you leave one blank, this would be applied to all outcomes.
4. Click OK.
The new labels are applied to all outcomes for that comparison.

Outcome properties

When you have created an outcome, you can define the details of the analysis by modifying the properties of the outcome.

Tip: You can easily change some of the properties for an outcome directly by using the toolbar buttons at the top right corner of the content pane to toggle between the available Effect Measure and Analysis Model options.

TO MODIFY AN OUTCOME

1. Right-click the outcome in the outline and choose Properties.
2. Use the General tab to modify the Name, Data Type and Group labels.
Note that changing the data type will mean that any data already entered will be lost.
3. Use the Analysis Method tab to set the Statistical Method, Analysis Model and Effect Measure options.
4. Use the Analysis Details tab to specify options for Totals, confidence intervals, and some advanced options.
5. Use the Graph tab to specify options for the graph appearance.
6. Click OK when finished.

Note: Outcomes of the type Other Data have a separate set of properties. These only allow you to specify the Name, and the number of rows and columns in the data table.

General options

Use the outcome Name to describe the outcome.

You can choose between the following Data types:

- Dichotomous: number of events and participants in the two groups.
- Continuous: number of participants, mean and standard deviation for the two groups.
- O-E and Variance: number of events and participants, and pre-calculated observed – expected (O-E) and variance.
- Generic Inverse Variance: pre-calculated estimate of treatment effect and standard error of estimate.
- Other Data: data of all other types, entered in a free text table.

The Group Labels (1 and 2) are used as headings in the data tables, and are published on those analyses graphs that are included as figures. The default labels are 'Experimental' and 'Control'. You can edit the labels for an individual outcome on the outcome properties, but you can also change the labels used in all outcomes for a comparison, see Comparison properties.

Analysis Method options

The Statistical Method options available depend on the data type, and in turn determine what analysis model and effect measure options are available.

Analysis Details options

The options for Totals determine whether the analysis will show totals for the entire outcome, for sub-categories only, or not show any totals.

Study confidence interval and Total confidence interval will be used as the default values when the review is published in *The Cochrane Library*. If you want to specify the default confidence intervals to be applied to any new outcome in RevMan use Settings: Statistical.

Advanced options:

- Test for subgroup differences.
When 'Totals and subtotals' is selected the test is always expected to be valid, and cannot be turned off. When 'Subtotals only' is selected the subgroups might not be actual subgroups but different analyses (e.g. different comparisons), so in you may want to switch off the test. When 'No totals' is selected the test is not valid because it is using the totals in the calculations.
- Swap event and non-event.
- Entered data are on log scale (generic inverse variance only).
Ratio measures such as odds ratios, risk ratios and hazard ratios should be entered as $\ln(\text{effect size})$ and $\text{SE}[\ln(\text{effect size})]$. Non-ratio measures such as mean differences and risk differences should be entered in their original metric. The data entered will be used in the meta-analysis. However, when the results are presented, the ratio measures will be converted to their original metric (odds ratio etc.) and the information entered here will determine whether this happens.
- Enter number of participants (generic inverse variance, for display only).
Select this check box if you want to enter the number of participants in the two compared groups into the data table. These data are provided for display purposes only and are not used in the meta-analysis.

Graph options

Left Graph Label, Right Graph Label are used beneath the analysis graph. The defaults are 'Favours [experimental]', and 'Favours [control]'. These must be modified to accurately reflect the intervention and control. You can edit the labels for an individual outcome on the outcome properties, but you can also change the labels used in all outcomes for a comparison, see Comparison properties.

Tip: Remember to reverse the labels if the outcome is positive.

You can use the Scale option to set the graph scale to any numerical value. You can also modify the scale by using the slider beneath the graph, see Analysis graphs.

You can choose the order in which the studies appear by using the Sort by option. If you choose User Defined order, you can use the Move up and Move Down buttons on the outline toolbar to reorder the studies.

Adding studies to an analysis

Before studies can be added to an analysis:

- The studies must be in the Included Studies section.
- You must have constructed a comparison table.

TO ADD STUDIES

1. Right-click the outcome or subgroup and choose Add Study Data.
The New Study Data Wizard opens.
Note: If an outcome has subgroups, you can only add studies at the subgroup level.
2. Choose the studies you wish to add.
Tip: You can use Ctrl-click (Command-click on Mac OS) and Shift-click to select multiple studies.
Tip: You can also use the Filter by options to identify studies based on given criteria. You can filter studies by a particular year range, an outcome text, Risk of bias and Judgement.
3. Click Finish.
You can now begin entering data for the studies.

Entering data

To enter data for a study, you must first have added the study to an analysis. Data can be either typed in or pasted in, e.g. from a spreadsheet.

As you enter data, these are dynamically updated in the Analysis graph.

TO OPEN A DATA TABLE

1. Click the outcome you wish to enter data for.
2. Click the Edit Outcome button on the outline toolbar.
The outcome data table and analysis will open in a new tab.

Tip: You can browse between outcomes using the  and  buttons.

TO PASTE DATA

1. In the source document, copy the data.
2. In RevMan, click the top left cell of the area into which you want to add the data.
3. Click the Paste button on the toolbar.

Double data entry

RevMan does not provide functionality for double data entry, but you can use a spreadsheet for doing this and then paste the verified data into RevMan.

See also Sensitivity analysis.

Calculator

See Calculating data.

Calculating data

The Calculator tool can assist you with data imputation and obtaining suitable data for meta-analysis.

Note: Additional calculator resources, such as updated methods or guidance can be found at training.cochrane.org/calculator.

TO CALCULATE DATA

1. Open an Outcome tab and click a study.
2. Click .
The calculator window opens. Any study data already entered is used in the corresponding fields.
3. For Dichotomous and Inverse variance outcomes, select the statistical methods to show.
4. Enter the data you have.
If the number you enter is valid, the background in the cell is green, but if there is an error in the data, the background is red.

Tip: You can use the Tab key to move to the next field.

Tip: You can open a calculator for combining continuous data from multiple groups, by clicking



for the group.

5. Click Update Data Table.
The values in the cells with a green border are transferred the data table for the study. The Update Data Table button is only available if your calculations have lead to a possible change in the data.

Analysis graphs

Each outcome tab contains an analysis graph that is dynamically updated as you enter or correct the data in the data table (except for outcomes of the type 'Other data', which do not have an analysis graph).

Graph scale

You can set the scale of a graph in two ways:

- using the scale slider at the bottom of the graph, or
- entering a specific value on the outcome properties.

The slider lets you set the scale to a wide, but not unlimited, range of values. However, you can specify any scale value on the outcome properties.

Viewing graphs

Click the Forest Plot button to open the graph in a separate window.

Risk of bias summary

The risk of bias summary table for an outcome can be viewed next to the analysis graph in both the data table and the Forest Plot window.

To turn the display of the risk of basis summary on or off, click the Risk of Bias Summary button. Doing so will this only affect the outcome or Forest Plot window temporarily; the next time you open it, the default preference applies.

Whether to show the risk of bias summary by default can be controlled under Interface preferences.

Including graphs as figures

See Figures generated by RevMan.

Copying or saving graphs

To copy or save a graph, view it by clicking the Forest Plot button. You can then use the options for Copying a figure to the clipboard, or Saving a figure as a file.

Funnel plots

TO VIEW A FUNNEL PLOT FOR AN OUTCOME

1. Open the data table for the outcome.
2. Click the Funnel Plot button.
The funnel plot opens in a new window.

To publish a funnel plot with the review, include it as a figure.

Funnel plot options

If you include a Funnel plot as a figure, you will be able to specify a number of options for its appearance. You can set these under Drawing Options on the figure's Properties.

Sensitivity analysis

If you wish to perform sensitivity analysis, you can temporarily omit some of the studies used in an outcome or subgroup from the analysis. Such exclusions will be stored in the review file while you are working on it, but you cannot submit a review for publication if studies have been omitted from analysis.

Note: Sensitivity analysis for Diagnostic reviews is not possible within RevMan.

Note: Analyses included as figures are automatically updated, so if studies are temporarily omitted this will be reflected in the figures.

TO OMIT A STUDY

1. Click the check box in front of the study name.
The check mark is removed, and the study no longer contributes to the analysis.

Tip: You can omit whole subgroups by removing their check mark.

Figures

About figures

You can include two types of figures in a review:

- Figures generated by RevMan – these are graphs generated by RevMan from the data you have entered. See [Figures generated by RevMan](#).
- Figures from files – these can be any type of picture, generated in software other than RevMan, and saved in a format that RevMan can open. See [Adding a figure from a file](#).

All figures are consistently named 'Figure [number]'. You cannot edit the names of figures, but you can add descriptive text in their captions. You can change the order of figures and renumber them to ensure an unbroken series of numbers, see [Ordering and renumbering figures](#).

Publication of figures

A figure must be linked in the text for it to be published.

You can select the most important forest plots and funnel plots to be displayed more prominently as figures within the published review. Advice on how to choose the figures to be emphasized in this way will be available in the [Cochrane Handbook for Systematic Reviews of Interventions](#).

In addition to the figures you include, the forest plots of all analyses will be made available in a separate section of the published review. The settings you have specified will be used to display these.

Figures generated by RevMan

RevMan can generate a variety of figures that you can include in your review. The main types are:

- Analysis graphs - such as forest plots and SROC curves.
- Funnel plots.
- Risk of bias figures - in Diagnostic reviews, these are called 'Risk of bias and applicability concerns' figures.
- Flow diagrams - such as study selection flow diagrams.

Including a RevMan figure in your review is a two-step process:

1. First, create the figure in the Figures section.
2. Then add a link to the figure within the text of the review.

When a figure has been created, it will be updated automatically if the underlying data are changed.

TO CREATE A FIGURE

1. Click the Figures heading in the outline, and click Add figure. The New Figure Wizard opens.
2. Select the type of figure and click Next.
3. If you are creating a forest plot, funnel plot or SROC plot, choose the analysis or outcome to use in the figure and click Next. Select an item in the left pane to see a preview of the figure in the right pane. Risk of bias, or Flowchart figures do not require this step.

4. Modify the caption, if necessary.
RevMan suggests a caption automatically, based on the name of the analysis or outcome used.
If you are creating a Risk of bias and applicability concerns figure, and have more than one Test Group, you can choose which groups to include in the figure.
5. Click Finish.
The figure is created with the lowest available number.

When a figure has been added, you must create a link to it in the text to ensure it is published.

Forest plot options

Once a forest plot is included as a figure, you can use the figure properties to control additional aspects of its appearance, such as which columns to include, the number of decimals used, and whether to include a risk of bias summary.

If you enable Show RoB Summary in Forest Plots and Outcome Tables under Interface preferences, any new Forest Plot figure you create will include the risk of bias summary by default, but no existing figure will be modified.

If a review with figures that includes the Rob Summary is opened in RevMan 5.2 or earlier, the Rob Summary will not be displayed. If the review is then saved or checked in, those figures will lose the setting, and it must be reapplied using RevMan 5.3.

See also Adding a figure from a file

Risk of bias figures

You can create two types of figures from the data entered in the Risk of bias tables:

- A risk of bias graph is a plot of the distribution of judgements (Low risk of bias, Unclear risk of bias and High risk of bias) across studies for each risk of bias item.
- A Risk of bias summary is a summary table of the judgements for each risk of bias item for each study.

Risk of bias summary per outcome

With RevMan 5.3, the Risk of Bias summary table for an outcome can viewed in data tables and the Forest Plot window and be included in Figures based on forest plots.

A new option under Interface preferences allows turning the RoB Summary on by default. It can be toggled for an individual outcome using the Risk of Bias button.

Once you have added a figure of the type Forest Plot you can open the figure, edit the properties and select 'Show Risk of Bias Summary' to activate this. The Risk of Bias summary will then be located to the right of the forest plot graph.

Note on challenges for outcome level domains

Bias domains that apply at study level will be shown for all outcomes, but for outcome level domains (blinding of participants and personnel, blinding of outcome assessment and incomplete outcome data), this feature will only work correctly if the relevant outcome groups have been specified in detail, by selecting the analyses applicable to each outcome group in the Risk of Bias Properties..

A May 2014 search of all published reviews showed that only a small percentage of reviews included outcome groups that were specified in sufficient detail, as this has not been necessary in the past.

RevMan adjusts for that fact in two ways:

- If only a single outcome group exists for a domain, that will always be shown even if outcomes have not been added to it.
- If multiple outcome groups are defined, but the current outcome is not included in any of these, a warning will appear. If the outcome remains unlinked to an outcome group, the domain will not be displayed on any figures based on the outcome.

Diagnostic reviews

The Risk of bias figures are called 'Risk of bias and applicability concerns ...' figures in diagnostic reviews. If you are creating a Risk of bias and applicability concerns figure, and have more than one Test Group, you can choose which groups to include in the figure. See Figures generated by RevMan.

Creating a flow diagram

There are two types of starting flow diagrams in RevMan:

- **Study flow diagrams** is a pre-filled flow diagram based on the PRISMA template.
- **Flowchart (blank)** is a basic template that lets you construct your own flow diagram from scratch.

TO CREATE A FLOW DIAGRAM

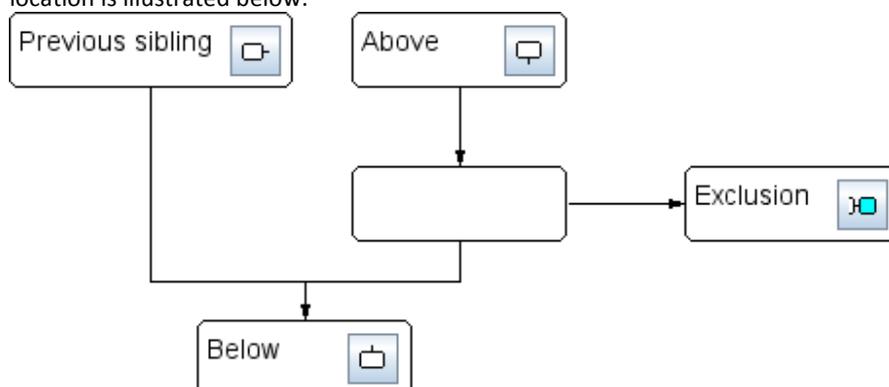
1. Go to the Figures section in the outline pane.
2. Right click the Figure section and choose add Figure.
The New figure wizard opens.
3. Choose either Study Flow Diagram (PRISMA Template) or Flow Diagram (Blank) and click Next.
4. Add a caption and click Finish.
A new flow diagram is created.

TO OPEN A FLOW DIAGRAM

1. Expand the Figures section in the outline pane.
2. Choose a flow diagram you want to open and double-click the name.
The flow diagram opens in the new tab.

TO ADD A BOX

1. Open a flow diagram and click the box that you wish to create a new box in relation to.
The box is highlighted, and the buttons for additional boxes become active. The resulting box location is illustrated below:



2. Click the relevant button in the toolbar.
A new blank flow diagram box is created.

TO EDIT A FLOW DIAGRAM BOX

1. Do one of the following:
 - Double-click the box.
 - Right-click the box and choose Edit.
 - Click the box and click  in the toolbar.

The Edit flow diagram box window opens.

2. Edit the text.

Tip: You can use editing text facilities to format text in flowchart boxes. See Main text.

3. Click OK.

The text in flowchart box is updated.

TO DELETE A BOX FROM THE FLOW DIAGRAM

1. Open a flowchart and click the box you want to delete
2. Do one of the following:
 - Right-click the box and choose Delete.
 - Click  in the toolbar.

TO RESIZE A BOX

1. Do one of the following:
 1. Click and drag the right edge of the box.
 2. Open the box for editing (see above) and enter a value in the Width in Pixels field.

Tip: Inputting the width in pixels is can be used for ensuring multiple boxes have the exact same width.

See also About figures; Copying a figure to the clipboard.

Adding a figure from a file

This section describes how to add figures created in software other than RevMan, but you can also add graphs generated by RevMan as figures, see Figures generated by RevMan for how to do this.

Before you can add the figure, you must first prepare a file in the correct format, see 'Preparing image files'.

TO ADD A FIGURE FROM A FILE

1. Click the Figures heading in the outline and then click the Add button in the outline toolbar.
The New Figure Wizard opens.
2. Choose Other figure and click Next.
The Open window opens.
3. Navigate to the folder where the file is located and select the file.
A small preview of the selected file is shown on the right.

4. Click Open.
The Open window closes and the chosen image is shown in full-size in the New Figure Wizard. The pixel size of the image is shown beneath it.
5. Click Next.
6. Enter a caption for the Figure.
7. Click Finish.

When you have added a figure, you should include a link to it in the text, see Links.

Preparing image files

Before you can add the figure to RevMan, you must first prepare the file so that it is suitable for publication.

Warning: Optimising images can be a complex task, and this text only provides an overview. If you have no previous experience with image editing, it is recommended that you obtain professional guidance or assistance.

The basic principles outlined here are:

- Be aware of copyright issues.
- Crop if necessary.
- Resize down as necessary, while retaining dimensions and legibility.
- Save graphs and tables as PNG, photographs as JPEG.
- Check the image quality carefully.

Copyright

Remember to verify that you either own the copyright ownership or have the written consent of the copyright holder of any images you include. You will be required to attest to this on the Licence for Publication form.

Editing images

During editing you can lose detail due to resizing or compression. Therefore you should always save a separate copy of the original image (or the data used to generate it) in the highest possible quality before you do any editing. This way you retain the option of modifying it differently at a later date, or supplying it in an improved format if other options become available.

Image editing software typically has a large number of features, many of which might be used to improve images. Here, we concentrate on the basics of preparing an image, but if you have experience with other features such as contrast adjustment, or blur and sharpen filters, you can use these.

Please refer to the documentation for your image editing software for details on how to perform the tasks described here.

Cropping

The first step in editing an image is to present only the necessary information. This is especially important when working with screen dumps acquired by using the Print Screen key. You should always remove any surplus content or blank space at the edges. For graphs and tables, leave a margin of a few pixels. Use the 'Crop' feature of your software for this. You can also use RevMan's Trim image function after the file has been included.

If there is caption or heading text in the image, it should be removed from the image and entered in the appropriate field in RevMan (see below). Any legends used should remain in the image.

Resizing

Although the originals you begin with should generally be in a high resolution, the images published with your review should be of a manageable size for the reader. This means that they should be kept reasonably small, but never so small that text becomes illegible. If your image exceeds 800 pixels in width even after cropping and careful resizing, you should consider if the information could be presented differently. Avoid changing the aspect ratio of images, unless you have a good reason to.

Note: You should be particularly careful when resizing graphs, as they typically have lines that are only one pixel wide. These lines can disappear completely if resized incorrectly. In such cases you will need to leave the image at its original size.

Saving in a format accepted by RevMan

RevMan can accept two file formats: PNG and JPG. Choosing the best format involves matching the contents of the image with the characteristics of the various formats.

- For line drawings or screenshots, such as graphs, PNG is the best format.
- For photographs, JPEG with a high quality (or low compression) setting is the best format.

The software you use for preparing the images for RevMan may have a feature where you can preview the output file before saving it, allowing you to experiment further with optimising.

Verifying quality

When you have saved the image in one of the formats supported by RevMan, open the file and check carefully that there are no problems with quality. In JPEG files, look out for angular noise patterns near edges caused by too strong compression. In PNG files, check that all lines and writing is clear, and that the colours of the original are retained.

See also About figures.

Ordering and renumbering figures

Figures should be numbered in the order that they are linked to in the text. You cannot edit a figure's number directly, but you can change the order of your figures with the Move Up and Move down functions.

TO REORDER FIGURES

1. Right-click the figure you wish to move and choose Move Up or Move Down.
The two figures exchange place and numbers, and any links to the figures in the text are updated automatically.
2. Repeat 1. for any other figure that should be moved.

Renumbering

If have deleted a figure, you may need to renumber the remaining figures to ensure a continuous sequence.

TO RENUMBER FIGURES

1. Click the Figures heading in the outline.
2. Click the Renumber button on the outline toolbar.
The figures are renumbered in continuous sequence. Any links to figures in the text are updated automatically.

Copying a figure to the clipboard

You can copy a figure or from RevMan to the clipboard, allowing it to be pasted into other software.

Figures will be copied to the clipboard in both vector and bitmap format. The resulting image type when you paste will depend on the capabilities of the target software. You may need to choose a particular paste option for optimal results. For example, to paste in vector format in Microsoft PowerPoint, you must use the Paste Special option and then choose Picture (Enhanced Metafile) as the format.

TO COPY A FIGURE

1. Open the figure in a separate tab.

2. Click .

The figure is now stored on your computer's clipboard, from where you can paste it into other software that accepts images.

You can also copy any forest plot of an analysis by opening its Forest Plot window - see Analysis graphs.

Saving a figure as a file

You can save figures generated by RevMan in a number of formats. You should choose file format that suits your needs. In general, the vector formats are the most versatile and give the best quality.

- Vector formats:
 - SVG
 - EMF
 - EMP
 - SWF
 - EPS
 - PDF
- Bitmap format:
 - PNG

TO SAVE A FIGURE

1. Open the figure.
2. Click the Save button.
The Save window opens
3. Specify a location, file type and file name.
4. Click Save

Deleting a figure

TO DELETE A FIGURE

1. Locate the figure you wish to delete in the outline pane.
2. Right-click it and choose Delete Figure.

Tip: If you have created links to a figure in the text, the link text, such as 'Figure 3', will not be deleted from the text when you delete the figure. You must do this manually, which will be easiest with Find and replace.

When you delete a figure, you may need to renumber the remaining figures to ensure a continuous sequence, see Ordering and renumbering figures.

Trimming images

You can use the Trim Image function to remove parts of the source file that should not be retained in the figure, such as a caption, or excessive white space.

Note: Trim Image is only available for Other Figures.

TO TRIM A FIGURE

1. Outline the section to keep by drawing a rectangle on the figure.
Click and drag from the top left corner of the intended rectangle to begin drawing. Release the mouse button at the intended lower right corner.
Tip: You can move and resize the rectangle afterwards. The cursor will show which function clicking and dragging will have.
2. Click Trim Image.

See also Adding a figure from a file.

Sources of support

About sources of support

Sources of support are divided into Internal and External. See the Handbook for guidance on classifying a source of support.

TO ADD A SOURCE OF SUPPORT

1. Expand the Sources of support heading in the outline.
2. Right-click either Internal or External and choose Add Source of support. This opens the New Source of Support Wizard.
3. Enter the name of the source, and select the country from the pull-down list.
4. If you wish to add a description of the source, click Next, and type this into the Description box.

TO DELETE A SOURCE OF SUPPORT

1. Right-click the source you wish to delete and choose Delete Source of Support.
2. Click Yes to confirm the deletion.

TO REORDER SOURCES OF SUPPORT

The right-click menu lets you Move Up, Move Down, Move To and more.

Feedback

About feedback

Each feedback element consists of a title, the date the feedback was submitted, a summary, a reply from the authors, and information about the contributors to the feedback sent.

For more information on Feedback in Cochrane reviews see section 3.6 of the Handbook.

TO ADD FEEDBACK

1. Click the Feedback heading in the outline and then click the Add button in the outline toolbar. The New Feedback Wizard opens.
2. Enter a title for the feedback element.
3. Click Next.
4. Enter the date the feedback was submitted.
See the Dates section for more information on how to enter dates.
5. Click Finish.
6. Add the text for the Summary, Reply and Contributors sections.
These are edited like any other text section.

Review appendices

Review Appendices

A review may have any number of appendices. Each appendix consists of a Title and text. You can insert links to appendices in the main text.

Details of how appendices will be published will be added at a later date.

TO ADD AN APPENDIX

1. Right-click the Appendices heading in outline and choose Add Appendix.

TO EDIT AN APPENDIX

The text for an appendix is edited in the same way as the text of the review, and you can use all the same functions.

TO CHANGE AN APPENDIX TITLE

1. Click the Properties icon next to the title.
2. Edit the Title, and click OK.

Notes

About notes

There are three types of notes in RevMan:

- Internal notes
- Footnotes
- Published notes

Internal notes

You can attach internal notes to any section of a review. These notes can be read and modified by anybody opening the review in RevMan, but will not be published.

To add a note, use the context menu and choose Notes

Sections with notes will show an icon both in the outline and in the main text.

To read or modify a note:

- click the note icon, or
- use the context menu and choose Notes
- use the notes pane, see 'Viewing all notes ' below

To delete a note, open it and click Delete.

For each note, RevMan will record the date and time it was last modified and by whom (if the name of the user has been set under General preferences).

Viewing all notes

If you wish to see all notes for a review, you can have these displayed at the bottom of the Text of Review tab.

TO SHOW THE NOTES PANE:

1. Use View > Notes.

You can resize the notes pane by dragging the divider. You can minimize or maximize it with the two arrows, see Using RevMan.

Printing notes

You can print your notes along with the text or separately, see Printing reviews.

See also Footnotes and Published notes.

Footnotes

You can add footnotes to the following sections:

- Authors
- Tables
- Study data

Footnotes will be published.

Checking and validating reviews

Checking spelling

There are two ways to check the spelling in your review:

- as you type, with misspelling being marked directly in your text, or
- by running the spell checker and going through the misspellings found.

All sections of the review will be included in the spell check, but you can configure the spell checker to ignore certain elements, see Spell checking preferences.

TO CHECK SPELLING AS YOU TYPE

1. Click the Check Spelling as You Type button. Any possible misspellings identified will be shown with a red wavy underline in the Text of Review tab.
2. To correct a misspelling, do one of the following:
 - Edit the word directly in the in the text.
 - Right-click the word, and choose one of the suggested alternatives.
3. If a marked word is correctly spelled, right-click the word and choose either:
 - Ignore All to ignore any occurrences of the word during the rest of your RevMan session. The next time you open RevMan, the word would again be considered a misspelling.
 - Add to add the word to your user dictionary (the word will be accepted from now on).

TO RUN THE SPELL CHECKER

1. Place the cursor at the point in the text where you want the spell check to start.
2. Use Tools > Check Spelling.
This opens the Check Spelling window, and identifies the first misspelling found.
3. Use the relevant option to do one of the following:
 - Change the word to the one highlighted in the list of suggestions.
 - Add the word to your user dictionary.
 - Ignore the word.
 - Delete the word.

The spell checker then moves to the next possible misspelling.

Validating reviews

If a review contains an 'error' it will not be published in *The Cochrane Library*.

The full list of validation rules used in RevMan and Archie is available at:
<http://tech.cochrane.org/revman/documentation/review-validation>.

Nearly all validation checks are available both as you type, and in the validation report. The only exception is the checking of citations to other Cochrane reviews, which requires connecting to Archie, and is therefore only in the validation report.

Validation as you type

Click the Validate as You Type button on the toolbar to turn on automatic validation of your review as you work on it.

Sections with errors or warnings will be underlined in the outline. Errors will be shown with a red underline, while warnings will be blue. If a subsection contains an error or warning, this will be reflected for its parent sections.

To quickly see what the error or warning is, pause the cursor over the section to display a tool tip text. For full details use the Validation report.

Validation report

To see a detailed report of all errors and warnings, use File > Reports > Validation Report.

Each warning and error in the report is linked to a section in the review. Click the links to open the relevant sections for editing.

This report can be saved and printed using the buttons in the lower left.

Status report

The Status Report list statistics for a review. This includes word counts for the Abstract, Plain language summary, remaining Main text, Tables, Studies and references, Feedback, Appendices, and a total word count for the review. It also count the number of authors, each type of study and references, tables, figures, feedback and appendices.

TO OPEN A STATUS REPORT

Choose File > Reports > Status Report.

The report can be saved and printed using the buttons in the lower left.

Counting words

You can use the Word Count function to count the number of words and characters in any selected text.

TO COUNT WORDS

1. Select a section of text.
2. Choose Tools > Word Count

The Status report contains word counts for all the main review sections.

Sharing and submitting reviews

Using Archie to manage reviews

The Archie server acts as your Review Group's shared drive or database for storing and sharing reviews. To access Archie, you need personal user account, which your Review Group can help set up for you.

When you want to edit a review, you need to check the review out from Archie, edit it, then check it in to Archie again. While a review is checked out to one user, it is not available for check out by any other user, so only one person at a time can make changes to a review. This is an essential part of Archie's version control system.

Note: You are not forced to use Archie for storing and exchanging reviews. Review files can also be stored locally and exchanged via email or, for example, USB key. However, using Archie has several benefits, including:

- Ensuring that edits are always made to the most up-to-date version.
- Keeping a record of all previous versions. Your Review Group can compare versions to easily identify all differences between them.
- Providing access to all your reviews from any computer with an internet connection.

See also [Authoring and editorial phase](#), [Checking in](#), [Checking out](#), [Versions](#), [Working with co-authors](#)

Versions in Archie

When you save a review to a local file the previous version is overwritten - unless you save it with a new name every time. However, when you check reviews into Archie, they are *versioned*, meaning that whenever you 'save' the review in Archie by checking it in, it is automatically saved as a new version.

Archie has several features related to review versions, but when you are using RevMan, it is quite simple:

- Checking in a review will always create a new version. You can include a short description for each version.
- When you check out a review, you will always get the most recent version.

Version attributes in Archie

A review version in Archie has a number of attributes that are not all shown in RevMan, but are listed in full here for information:

- Version **number** – this keeps track of the order of versions. A higher number means a more recent version.
- Version **date** – the date the version was created.
- The version **publication status** - whether the version is a draft, has been marked or submitted for publication, or is published.
- Version **description** – this can be used to describe what is unique about each version.
- A **person** – the person who created a version is always recorded.

Authoring and editorial phase

The Authoring and Editorial phases are special attributes for reviews in Archie that determine who can edit the document. The Authoring phase means that only authors (and a Review Group's Super Users) can edit the review, while the Editorial phase gives access to those with editorial roles.

Review Write phase

A review has an overall Write Phase that determines who can check it out and check it in again - in effect who can edit the Archie document. By changing the Write phase, the right to work on the review can be transferred between the author team and the editorial team.

When authors submit a review to the editorial base for approval, the Write Phase changes to Editorial. This prevents the authors from modifying the review while the editorial team is working with it.

When a review has been approved for publication, it is usually returned to the Authoring phase, allowing the authors to access it for updating.

Reviews that you cannot access because of their Write Phase will appear as 'Locked' in the Check Out window.

See Checking out and Checking in.

Access to viewing versions in Archie

In addition to the overall Write phase of the review, each version has a separate Read Phase that determines who can read that version.

Example: A review that is in the Editorial Write Phase can only be checked out and back in by editorial users, and whenever an editorial user checks the review in, the version created will have the version Read Phase Editorial. Such versions cannot be read by authors, so if an author decides to view the review's History, she cannot see the most recent versions (which in this example would be editorial drafts), but only those version with an Authoring (or Shared, see below) Read phase.

Versions that have changed from Authoring to Editorial, or the opposite, will have the Read Phase 'Shared'. This allows people from both the author and the editorial team to view (but not check out) such a version. Without this attribute, authors would not be able to see the versions they just submitted, because the versions would have moved to the Editorial Read Phase.

Working with co-authors

Within each team of authors, you should agree on how you will store and exchange reviews. A number of possible strategies are outlined below, but you can combine elements from each, depending on the preferences within the team.

Warning: avoid combining strategies in ways that will lead to uncertainty about who has the current version of a review.

Strategy 1: Use Archie

All authors check the review back into Archie when they are not actively working on it.

Strategy 2: Exchange files by email

The lead author has the review checked out from Archie and coordinates contribution from the other authors by sending it to them individually.

My Reviews

You can use the My Reviews window to list and access all Cochrane reviews that you are involved in - i.e. have a document role for.

Note: My Reviews is only available in the Standard mode.

My Reviews will suggest the best action for a review based on its Archie status and the presence of any local versions. For example, if a review is checked out by you and the latest version is saved on your local computer, the Open button will be available.

My Reviews consists of 4 main areas:

- The list of reviews you are involved in. If a review is checked out by another person, this review will be greyed out.
- Review version details. This shows details for the latest review version in Archie and any local version found.
- Review details. This option shows the properties of a review.
Tip: Click the DOI number to go to the latest published version in *The Cochrane Library*.
- Tasks in progress. This lists all tasks assigned to you which are currently in progress. Overdue tasks are shown with a red due date.

TO OPEN MY REVIEWS

1. Click  in the toolbar.
The My Reviews window opens.

TO MODIFY CONNECTION PREFERENCES

1. Click .
The Preferences window opens to the Connection tab.
2. Set up RevMan to connect to the Archie server. See Connection preferences.

TO CHECK OUT OR OPEN A REVIEW

1. Choose a review that you want to work on and click the Check out / Open button.

TO SET MY REVIEWS AS STARTUP WINDOW

See Interface preferences.

See also Using Archie to manage reviews, Checking out.

Document status indicator

The indicator pane in the lower right hand corner of RevMan shows:

- Whether the current review is checked out.
- Whether the current review is the latest version known to the server.
- Which of the Archie servers is currently being used (see Connection preferences).

If any of the statuses are red, this is a warning that you should not be making changes to the review.

See also Using Archie to manage reviews.

Checking out

When you check out a review from Archie, you always get the latest version of it, and it becomes locked so others do not edit it at the same time as you. Authors and editors can only check out reviews that they have a relevant Archie document role for (but some editorial base staff will have wider permissions).

Tip: My Reviews allows you to both check out reviews, and keep track of any local versions.

TO CHECK OUT A REVIEW

1. Click the Check Out button  on the toolbar.
The Check Out window opens and RevMan retrieves a list of reviews you can access. The name of the server you are connecting to is displayed at the top of the window. If you are using a different server than the standard server (archie.cochrane.org), the server name will be shown in red. See Connection preferences for more on server settings.
2. If you wish to only see reviews from a particular Review Group, choose the group from the Review Group pull-down list.
3. Click the review you wish to check out.
You can only check out reviews that are listed as 'Available', or are checked out by yourself, see 'Review availability' below.
Tip: To sort the reviews by one of the attributes, click the relevant column header.
4. If you know that you only need to look at the review, and will not be making changes that should be checked back in again, select the option to Download a Copy of the Review Without Checking it Out.
5. Click OK.
If you are checking out a review, a confirmation window will appear (this can be disabled under General preferences).
The Check out window closes and the review is retrieved from the server.

Warning: If you are no longer actively working on a review, remember to check it back in again, so that other people can work with it.

Tip: In rare cases you may need to revert to a previous version of a review, and continue working from that. If so, you should contact your Review Group, who will be able to arrange this.

Review availability

A review's availability on Archie determines whether you can check it out.

Availability	Description
Available	The review is currently not checked out by anybody, and in a Write Phase that gives you access.
Checked out by you	You have already checked this review out, but you can check it out again. This may be useful if you do not have a local copy of the review, or wish to revert to the version you originally checked out.
Checked out	Another user has checked out the review. To see who has checked it out, you must view the review's properties in Archie.
Locked	The review's Write Phase prevents you from checking it out. See Authoring and editorial phase.

Tip: If a review is unavailable for check-out, you can still download it as a copy (if you only need to view it).

See also Using Archie to manage reviews, My Reviews

Checking in

When you check in a review, it is transferred from RevMan to Archie, where it is stored as a new version. The review becomes available for check-out by others, and messages may be sent out.

If you choose to submit the review for editorial approval, the Write Phase of the review will change to Editorial, meaning that you cannot modify the review while the Review Group is working with it.

TO CHECK IN A REVIEW

1. Click the Check in button  on the main toolbar.
The Check In Wizard opens. The name of the server you are connecting to is displayed at the top of the window. If you are using a different server than the standard server (archie.cochrane.org), the server name will be shown in red. See Server preferences for more on server settings.
2. Enter a version description.
The description should be as brief and accurate as possible. Since your name and the date are automatically recorded, you need not include this information. But if the version you are checking includes changes made by other persons, you can include their initials.
3. Do one of the following:
 - If you wish to check in a version that is still being drafted, you can click Finish at this point.
The review is checked in and the wizard closes.
 - If you wish to submit the review for editorial approval or include a message with the check in, click Next
4. To submit the review for editorial approval, select Submit for Editorial Approval.
Note: When you use this option the review will move into the Editorial phase, preventing you from modifying it further. See Authoring and editorial phase.
5. Click Next.
If you are submitting the review, a validation check is run at this point. If validation errors are found, it will not be possible to proceed. To see the errors that need to be corrected before you can submit, click OK to view the validation report.
6. Type in a message (optional).
The message will go to those members of your Review Group that have chosen to receive check-in messages. This will typically include the Managing Editor.
7. Click Finish.
A confirmation dialog appears, showing a brief report from Archie.
Tip: If you need to take action based on the information in the Check-in report, you may want to copy the contents of the report so you can paste it in elsewhere. To do so, click Copy Text.
8. Click OK.

Note: Although RevMan closes the review when you check it in, any copies that you saved as files locally will remain on your computer.

See also Using Archie to manage reviews, Versions

Submitting reviews

When you are ready to submit your review to your Review Group, you can do this in two ways:

- The preferred way is to check in the review, and choose the Submit for Editorial Approval option as part of the check-in.

- Alternatively, save the file and send it as an email attachment.

Backup to Archie

You can manually backup you review to Archie, and the continue working on it. The Backup function checks your review in to Archie and then immediately checks it out to RevMan again. The Version created in Archie will have an automatic version description "[Manual Backup]". This function is only available for checked out reviews.

TO BACKUP A REVIEW

1. Click the Backup button on the Tool bar.
Once the backup is completed, a confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click OK.

See also Local backups.

Storing reviews locally

Saving versions of reviews locally

You can store your reviews in two ways:

- Over the internet, by using Archie. This method is only available for registered Cochrane reviews.
- Locally, by saving the review as a file on your computer (or a connected device, such as a memory stick).

The preferred method for storing and sharing Cochrane reviews is to use Archie, and whenever you work on a Cochrane Review, it should be the most recent version, checked out from Archie. However even if a review is generally being stored and managed on Archie, there might be times when you prefer to work on it, or to exchange it, as a local file.

Note: Even if you work primarily by storing your reviews on Archie, a local backup will also be saved at regular intervals. See Local backups.

Some situations where storing reviews locally can be useful are:

- If you will be without an internet connection for a while but need to be able to work on the review.
- If you are sure that no-one else will need to work on the review for some time.
- If your document is not a Cochrane review.

Warning: If you work on a locally stored copy of a review that is currently not checked out from Archie, other people may make changes to the review at the same time since it is available for editing on the server. In such cases, it might be difficult to integrate your changes into the current version of the review. You will receive a warning you if open a Cochrane review that has not been checked out from Archie.

See Opening a review and Saving a review.

Opening a review

You can open reviews in four formats:

- '.rm5' is the standard file format used by RevMan 5 for saving reviews.
- '.rm4' is the file format used by RevMan 4 for exporting one or more reviews.
Note: Only the Windows version of RevMan 5 can open .rm4 files, and only if the proper ODBC driver is installed on your system. If you try to open a rm4 file, and do not have this driver, an error message will inform you how to obtain the driver.
If you open an .rm4 file that contains multiple reviews, RevMan 5 will only open one of the reviews. If you wish to open the other reviews in such a file, you must import the file to RevMan 4 and export the reviews as single files.
- '.r4x' is a file format that was used by RevMan 4.3 and Archie for exchanging single reviews .
- '.xml' is a generic file format used by many different applications. Archie and RevMan 4.3 once used '.xml' for review files, but this was changed to '.r4x'. RevMan can only open '.xml' files that were created by Archie or RevMan 4.3.

TO OPEN A REVIEW:

1. Click the Open button on the toolbar.
The Open window will show the last location where you opened or saved a file.

2. Choose the file to open and click Open.

Tip: You can choose how files are displayed in the Open and Save dialogs. Click  to use List view, or  for Details view. The chosen setting will be used as the default the next time you use Open or Save.

Tip: Use File > Recent files to choose from the most recently used reviews.

Saving a review

Reviews can be saved as document files on your computer. See Saving versions of reviews locally for more information on when to do this.

TO SAVE A REVIEW

Click the Save button  on the main toolbar.

If it is the first time you save this review, you will be asked to specify a file name (RevMan will suggest the review's title). If you have previously saved this review, the existing file will be overwritten.

TO SAVE A REVIEW WITH A NEW FILE NAME

1. Choose File > Save As.
You will be asked to specify a file name.

Tip: You can choose how files are displayed in the Open and Save dialogs. Click  to use List view, or  for Details view. The chosen setting will be used as the default the next time you use Open or Save.

Files are saved in .rm5 format. This is the only format for saving whole reviews. You can export parts of a review in various other formats, see Exporting text, Exporting references and Exporting data.

Local backups

While you have a review open, RevMan will save a local backup of it at regular intervals. The default is every 10 minutes, but this can be changed under Files preferences.

If your computer crashes so that your review is not saved successfully, you will be given the option to open the latest backup of the review the next time you open RevMan.

RevMan backup files are ordinary rm5 files with file name 'backupXXXXX.rm5' where XXXXX is a number. The backup files are by default saved in your temporary folder. You can see, or modify, the location under Files preferences.

Backup files in the currently specified backup directory are automatically deleted after 7 days (by default).

If you need to access a backup file, simply open it in RevMan. You may have to look at the date the file was modified to find the right one. Once you have found the file you need, save it with a different file name, or you will risk that it is deleted as part of the removal of old backup files.

See also Backup to Archie.

Printing

Printing reviews

Reviews can be printed out in two formats:

- Some or all sections, like they look in RevMan - by using RevMan's Print function.
- All published sections as they will appear in the PDF version in The Cochrane Library - by generating a Published PDF preview and printing that file.

When you print a review from RevMan you can choose which sections to include in the printout, and a print mode that controls how those sections are presented.

For example, you can create a printout that contains both content and notes, but only for the for the Results and Figures sections.

TO PRINT A REVIEW

1. Click the Print button on the toolbar.
The Print window opens.
2. Select the print mode.
Tip: Use Preview to see what information the selected mode contains.
If your selected mode does not apply for particular sections, those sections will be grayed out in the Sections to Print pane
3. Select the sections to print.
You can deselect or select sections by clicking the check box in front of them.
Tip: If you only wish to include a few sections in your printout, begin by deselecting all sections (using the top-level section, e.g. Intervention Review), and then select the ones you want.
4. Click OK.
The Print window opens.
5. Click Print.

See also Page setup, Print preview and Printing single sections.

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The Print window opens.
5. Click Print.

See also Page setup, Print preview and Printing single sections.

Print preview

TO OPEN A PRINT PREVIEW

1. Open the Print window.
2. Click Preview.

Preview options

Most of the preview options will only affect how the preview is presented, not how the review is actually printed. The only exception is the orientation and page setup settings, which will be used if you print from within the preview window.

Fit and Zoom

Selecting the Fit option will automatically scale the preview page so it fits in the preview window.

To specify a specific scaling, select Zoom and either:

- Type in a value in the field and press enter to apply it.
- Use the pull-down list to choose from preset values.
- Use the up or down arrows to increase or decrease the scale in steps of ten.

Margins

Selecting this will highlight the margins.

Size

Selecting this will display the current paper size at the bottom of the window.

Grayscale

If you are not printing in colour, use this option to have this reflected in the preview.

Navigation

There are four arrows that let you navigate through the pages of the preview: Previous, Next, First and Last.

Orientation

Select either Portrait or Landscape. This option will be used for the printout if you use the Print function from within the preview window.

Page Setup

Use this to modify a subset of the full option available under Page setup. Any changes you make here are only temporary and will only affect the printout if you use the Print function from within the preview window.

Print

This will print the review.

Printing single sections

The print dialog allows you to specify (see Printing reviews) which review sections to print. If you only wish to print a single review section, you can use the Print button on the outline toolbar to only have that section selected in the Print Window.

To print a single figure, data table or graph, you can also use the separate Print button on that element's tab or window.

Page setup

You can use the page setup options to format how reviews are printed from your version of RevMan. Any changes you make here will not affect the appearance of the published review.

TO MODIFY THE PAGE SETUP

1. Choose File> Page Setup.
The Page Setup window opens.
2. Specify the changes you want by using the options on the three tabs.
3. Click OK

Tip: use Print preview to quickly see the effect you page setup changes have.

Page options

On the Page Setup tab you can specify:

- Which printer to use.
- The paper size
- The page orientation
- The margins.

The Content tab lets you choose:

- The scaling of the printed output. A lower value will result in a smaller font.
- The padding.
- Various advanced options.

The Notes tab is used for modifying the page header and footer.

Preferences

Preferences

To open the Preferences window, choose Tools > Preferences.

The Preferences window is divided into five tabs:

- General preferences
- Files preferences
- Interface preferences
- Spell checking preferences
- Connection preferences

General preferences

The General tab is part of the Preferences window.

User's real name

Input your name to have it recorded for all changes you make, for example using Track changes.

You can use the Choose button to link to your record in Archie.

Miscellaneous

Check for Updates to RevMan

RevMan can check the IKMD server upon startup to see if a newer version of the software is available. Use this option to specify how frequently this should be done.

Undo History Size

The value determine how many steps you can go back in the undo history. The larger the value, the more of you computer's memory will be used by RevMan. Setting a too large value may affect RevMan's performance negatively. Setting this to zero will disable the Undo function entirely. See Undo.

Show warning if opened files have not been checked out from server

Enable this to receive a warning whenever you work on a review that exists on Archie, but is not checked out by you.

Note: RevMan needs to connect to Archie to verify this, so this function only works if you are connected to the Internet.

Show warning when checking out reviews

Controls whether a window allowing you to download a copy instead is shown when you check out reviews.

Validate format of opened files

This is by default enabled to have RevMan check the file format for internal consistency. This is technical check, and completely different from review validation.

Warning: only disable this temporarily for troubleshooting.

Prefix review name with a review number on prints

Use this option to include the review number before the review title in the header on all printed pages.

User mode

Non-Cochrane mode

This preference is intended for non-Cochrane authors. If you select this option, all Cochrane-specific functions like check in/out and connection settings to Archie will be removed from the interface.

Files preferences

The Files tab is part of the Preferences window.

Working directory

The working directory setting determines what location Save and Open windows open to.

Re-use Last Directory

Use the location where you last opened or saved a file.

Use Default Directory

Specify a directory that will always be used

Backup

Save Backup File Every

How frequently RevMan should save a backup version of the review you are working on. See Local backups.

Days to Keep Backup Files

The number of days files in the backup directory are retained.

Backup Directory

The location used for backup files.

Recent files

Maximum Number of Recent Local Files

The number of local files shown under Files > Recent Files. Use the Clear History button to clear this list.

Maximum Number of Recent Checked In Files

The number of checked in reviews files shown under Files > Recent Files. Use the Clear History button to clear this list.

Interface preferences

The Interface tab is part of the Preferences window.

Look and Feel

Use this to change the appearance of RevMan's interface. The available options depend on which operating system you are using.

Style Sheet

Use this to change the appearance of the main text, for instance to make the text appear larger. The name of each style sheet will indicate what effect it has. Changing the style sheet only affects the view in this copy of RevMan; it does not modify the reviews in any way.

Language

The language used in RevMan's interface.

Date, Time, and Number Style

This determines how dates are displayed and entered in your copy of RevMan. This will not affect how dates are stored or published reviews, or affect the published version.

Expand and Collapse Sections**Allow text sections to be collapsed/expanded**

Enable this to be able to collapse and expand text sections.

Open documents with all sections collapsed

Enable this to always open reviews with all sections collapsed. This will make reviews open faster.

Note: When opening extremely long reviews, RevMan will disregard this setting and automatically collapse some sections.

Miscellaneous**Show Add buttons in text of review**

Enable this to see Add buttons at the end of sections where you can add elements.

Grey out sections that will not be published

Enabled by default. Used to show which sections of a protocol will not be published.

On Open, Expand outline to

Determines how many levels are expanded in the outline when a review is opened.

Size of Text in Outline

Determines the font size used in the outline pane.

Rename outline items with two separate mouse clicks

If this is enabled, you can rename items by clicking the item in the outline so it becomes highlighted and then clicking it again (but not so fast it counts as a double-click).

Show RoB summary in forest plots and Outcome tables

If this is enabled, data tables, forest plots and forest plot figures will by default include an outcome-level risk of bias summary.

Use Study Centric View when opening a review

Enable this to make Study centric view the default.

On startup, show

Determines the default startup of RevMan. You can also set it in the Welcome screen window. Available startup options are:

- Nothing - No startup window.
- Welcome screen - The Welcome to Review Manager 5.3 window opens. See Welcome window.
- My Reviews - available **only** in the Standard mode (for Cochrane users), see My Reviews.

Spell checking options

The Spell Checking tab is part of the Preferences window.

Dictionaries

Choose the dictionaries you wish to include. It is recommended that you use UK or US spelling consistently, so only enable both sets if you have a valid reason.

User dictionary file

This file stores all words you add to the spell checker.

To reset the user dictionary to the default, locate the file and delete it. RevMan will then automatically create a new file the next time you run the spell checker.

Preferences

Set options for:

- Text that should be ignored.
- Whether doubled words and case should be taken into account.
- Whether split word should be suggested. For example if "large scale" should be suggested for "largescale".

See also Checking spelling.

Connection Preferences

The Connection tab is part of the Preferences window. It allows you to set up RevMan to connect to the Archie server. See Using Archie to manage reviews.

You also can use the Server Connection Wizard to guide you through the steps of setting up a connection. To start the wizard, click the Wizard button.

Server

There are three servers RevMan can connect to:

- archie.cochrane.org, also called the Live server, is the main server that is used for managing and publishing Cochrane reviews. This is the server Cochrane authors and groups should be using unless they have been instructed otherwise.
- test-archie.cochrane.org is the test server used by the IKMD development team to test new functionality before it is introduced on the live server. Generally, RevMan users should not use the Test server unless they are helping to test new functionality that is to be introduced to the live server at a later stage.
- training-archie.cochrane.org is the training server used by the IKMD Support team for training purposes, and by CRGs to try out Archie functionality without the risk of introducing mistakes in their live data.

User name

Your Archie user name.

Password

Your Archie password.

Save User name and password when RevMan is closed

Select this to have RevMan remember your user name and password between sessions.

Warning: only use this option if you are the only person using the computer, or if you log on to the computer using a personal user account.

Use secure connection (SSL)

When enabled, all traffic between RevMan and Archie is encrypted. This is the default and highly recommended, as it make it harder to intercept data, such as your password, on an unsecured Wi-Fi network.

Testing the connection

You can test the connection with the Test button. This will connect to the chosen server and check if you user name and password is recognised.

Proxy servers

Some networks use a proxy server. Depending on how the network is set up, it may be necessary to enter the proxy server details in RevMan. If you are unable to connect without specifying a proxy server, ask your network administrator for the proxy server information.

If you are using a proxy, remember to include the port, e.g. "8080".

See also the technical guide for installation and connection settings available from the RevMan website at tech.cochrane.org/revman.

Exporting

Exporting text

You can export review text to an HTML file. The file will include all the information that is shown on the Text of Review tab.

TO EXPORT TEXT

1. Use File > Export > Text of Review.
The Save dialog window opens.
2. Specify a file name and location.
3. Click OK.

The export will create a HTML file with the name you specified, and, in the same location, an image file for each figure in the review.

Exporting references

References can be exported in three formats:

- RevMan format.
- RIS format.
- Vancouver format.

Before beginning the export from RevMan, you should verify the capabilities of the software you wish to import the references to.

TO EXPORT DATA

1. Use File > Export > References.
The Export References Wizard opens.
2. Follow the guidance provided in the wizard, and use Next to move through the steps.
3. Click Finish.
The Save window opens.
4. Specify the location and file name. Click Save.

Exporting data

Analyses data can be exported in CSV format. CSV (Comma Separated Values) format is a common format that many applications, such as Excel can import. Before beginning the export from RevMan, you should verify the capabilities of the software you wish to import the data to.

Tip: using the default options suggest by RevMan will create a file that can be imported by Excel 2000, Excel 2003, etc.

TO EXPORT DATA

1. Use File > Export > Analyses and Data. The Export Analysis Data Wizard opens.
2. Follow the guidance provided in the wizard, and use Next to move through the steps.
3. Click Finish. The Save window opens.
4. Specify the location and file name. Click Save.

Diagnostic test accuracy reviews

Assessment of methodological quality (QUADAS-2)

Conversion of study characteristics and QUADAS items in existing reviews to QUADAS-2 domains

The QUADAS-2 tool (Whiting et al. 2011) was implemented in RevMan 5.2 for the assessment of methodological quality. However, RevMan 5.2 still supports methodological quality assessment using the old QUADAS and the old structure for Characteristics of included studies tables, see Assessment of methodological quality tables (QUADAS).

QUADAS-2 and Characteristics of included studies tables

For data entry purposes, due to considerable overlap between the expected content of the 'Study characteristics' table and that of the description expected for each domain of QUADAS-2, each included study has a study characteristics table integrated with a methodological quality table. However when the review is published the tables are rendered separately. The study characteristics table can be previewed for each study in RevMan by right clicking on the study name and selecting View study characteristics.

The four domains—Patient Selection, Index Test, Reference Standard, and Flow and Timing—are mandatory. All domains are assessed in terms of risk of bias and the first three domains are also assessed in terms of concerns regarding applicability. Signalling questions can be added or removed in each domain as appropriate for each review. Additional domains cannot be created except a domain called Comparative for specific comparative issues (in reviews that compare the accuracy of tests) which do not fit in any of the other domains.

TO ACTIVATE AN ITEM

1. Open the properties for the characteristics of included studies table.
Click the Properties icon next to the relevant domain.
2. Choose the signalling question you wish to activate and check the box.
3. Click OK.
The properties window closes and the new signalling question is added to the table

User defined characteristics

The table has a predefined set of signalling questions for both risk of bias and concerns regarding applicability. However, you can also add user defined questions to each domain.

TO ADD A USER-DEFINED SIGNALLING QUESTION

1. Open the properties for the characteristics of included studies table.
Click the Properties icon next to the relevant domain.
2. Add the new signalling question.
Click the Add button to the right of the list of user defined signalling questions for Risk of bias or to the right of the list for Concerns regarding applicability. The question will be created with the default name 'New item'.
3. Edit 'New item' by specifying the question.
4. Click OK.

Index Test domain

Unlike the other domains, the Index test domain is assessed for each index test or group of tests in the review. To enable assessment by test, the various index tests should have been defined under Data tables by test. You can add one or more test groups.

TO ADD A TEST GROUP

1. Open the properties for the characteristics of included studies table.
Click the Properties icon next to the Index Test domain.
2. Click the Add button to the right of the list of test groups.
A new test group with the label 'Test Group A' is created. Create the number of groups that you require (by repeatedly clicking the Add button).
3. Modify the label of each (group of) test(s) and choose the test(s) that should be part of the group from the list of tests that appears below by ticking the box in front of each test. Also choose the studies from the list of studies that should be linked to the test group.
4. Click OK.
The properties window closes and the Index test domain for the test group is added to the table.

If you defined multiple test groups, there will be a domain with signalling questions for each. Note there is only one descriptive text box for all test groups.

Converting from QUADAS

THE MOST IMPORTANT CHANGES WHEN YOU CONVERT A REVIEW TO QUADAS-2 ARE TO THE STUDY CHARACTERISTICS, BUT YOU SHOULD ALSO BE AWARE THAT:

- SOME OF THE TEXT HEADINGS ARE RESTRUCTURED - SEE WHAT'S NEW IN REVMAN 5.2.
- THE 'METHODOLOGICAL QUALITY...' FIGURES ARE RENAMED TO 'RISK OF BIAS AND APPLICABILITY CONCERNS...' FIGURES.

TO CONVERT TO QUADAS-2 FROM QUADAS

1. Open the properties for the methodological quality table.
Click the Properties icon next to the 'Assessment of methodological quality table' heading.
2. On the General tab click the button Switch to QUADAS-2.
3. A dialogue box will appear asking you to confirm that you want to switch to QUADAS-2. The process cannot be undone so click Yes if you are sure otherwise click No.

Data is not lost during the conversion process. The old QUADAS items and the study characteristics table will be converted as shown in the tables below.

Study characteristics

RevMan 5	RevMan 5.2 – Text boxes for QUADAS-2 Domains
Study design	Patient sampling
Participants Clinical features and setting	Both fields in merged into one called Patient characteristics and setting
Index and comparator tests	Index tests

Target condition and reference standard(s)	Target condition and reference standard(s)
Follow up	Flow and timing
User defined fields	User defined fields - separate section after the domains
Notes	Notes - separate section after the domains; if user defined Characteristics exist, the whole section is named User defined fields

Methodological quality

QUADAS item	QUADAS-2 signalling question	QUADAS-2 Domain (Destination of old QUADAS item, author's judgement and support for judgement)
Representative spectrum?		Patient selection
Acceptable reference standard?		Reference standard
Partial verification avoided?		Flow and timing
Differential verification avoided?	Did all patients receive the same reference standard?	
Incorporation avoided?		Reference standard
Reference standard results blinded?	Were the reference standard results interpreted without knowledge of the results of the index test?	Reference standard
Index test results blinded?	Were the index test results interpreted without knowledge of the results of the reference standard?	Index test
Relevant clinical information?		No related domain so added to Notes field
Uninterpretable results reported?		Flow and timing
Withdrawals explained?		Flow and timing
User defined items		Added to Notes field

References

Whiting PF, Rutjes AW, Westwood ME, Mallett S, Deeks JJ, Reitsma JB, Leeflang MM, Sterne JA, Bossuyt PM; QUADAS-2 Group. QUADAS-2: a revised tool for the quality assessment of diagnostic accuracy studies. *Ann Intern Med.* 2011;155(8):529-36.

Assessment of methodological quality tables (QUADAS)

In reviews of diagnostic test accuracy using QUADAS, each included study has an Assessment of methodological quality table, listed under the study. Each row in the table consists of:

- A methodological quality item, e.g. 'Acceptable reference standard?'.
Tip: To see the underlying question in full, pause the cursor over the item to display a tool tip text.
- The authors' judgment for that item, where Yes indicates a low risk of bias.
- A description that explains how the judgment was reached.

You can choose between a number of predefined methodological quality items, and also add your own.

See the Handbook for a description of the various predefined items.

The Assessment of methodological quality tables are called Risk of bias tables in intervention reviews. See also the section on using QUADAS-2.

TO ACTIVATE AN ITEM

1. Open the properties for the methodological quality table.
Click the Properties icon next to the 'Assessment of methodological quality table' heading.
2. Choose the item you wish to activate.
Click on the item in the left pane. The predefined items are blue and cannot be modified, while user-defined items are black.
3. If the item must be assessed at the test level, add one or more test groups. See 'Study or test level quality assessment' below.
4. Check the Activated box.
If the box is grayed out, this is because outcome groups have not yet been specified, see above.
5. Click OK.
The properties window closes and the new item is added to the table. If you defined multiple outcome groups, there will be a row for each.

User defined characteristics

The Assessment of methodological quality table has a predefined set of standard characteristics, but you can also add user defined characteristics.

TO ADD A USER-DEFINED ITEM

1. Open the properties for the methodological quality table.
Click the Properties icon next to the 'Assessment of methodological quality table' heading.
2. Add the new item.
Click the Add button beneath the left-hand pane.
The item will be created with the default name 'New item'.
3. Edit the name in the Item field.
4. Input the Full Question.
5. Specify the assessment level (study or test, see below).
6. Activate the item (see above).
7. Click OK.

Study or test level quality assessment

Some items are assessed for the study as a whole (e.g. 'Acceptable reference standard?') while others must be assessed at the test level (e.g. 'Where withdrawals from the study explained?').

For more information on the rationale and use of methodological quality items on test or study level, see the Handbook.

To enable assessment by test, the various index and comparator tests should have been defined under Data tables by test.

If the item must be assessed at the test level, add one or more test level groups.

TO ADD A TEST LEVEL GROUP

1. Open the properties for the methodological quality table.
Click the Properties icon next to the 'Assessment of methodological quality table' heading.
2. Highlight the item you wish to change.
3. Click the Add button to the right of the list of test level groups. A new test group with the label 'All tests' is created. Create the number of groups that you require (by repeatedly clicking the Add button).
4. Modify the label of each (group of) test(s) and choose the test(s) that should be part of the group from the list that appears below by ticking the box in front of each test.
5. Check the Activated box.
If the box is grayed out, it is because test groups have not yet been specified, see above.
6. Click OK.
The properties window closes and the new item is added to the table. If you defined multiple test groups, there will be a row for each.

Data and analyses in diagnostic reviews

RevMan can calculate sensitivity and specificity, plot study data in a ROC plane and draw a summary ROC curve for descriptive and exploratory purposes.

Before you can begin analyzing your data, you must have added the studies to the Included Studies section.

You can then set up data tables for each test that you want to include in your review by creating tests and linking them to studies, see Constructing data tables.

You can also add covariates, if you would like to see how the results differ between subgroups of studies, or if you want to include these covariates in your regression analyses (see Analyses).

Tip: If you define your covariates before you begin entering data, the covariates can be entered simultaneously with the rest of the data, so that you will not need to go back and check the data in studies later.

Once your data tables have been set up you can begin Entering data.

To analyse the data, you must set up analyses, see Analysis graphs in diagnostic reviews.

Constructing data tables

The data tables in diagnostic reviews are based on linking studies with tests reported in them. You can set up the data tables in two ways:

- per test, by adding studies that report data about that test, or
- per study, by adding the tests reported in that study.

RevMan has two sections that both represent the same underlying structure: 'Data tables by test' and 'Data table by study'. As you modify one section, RevMan automatically updates the corresponding section.

You must have added studies to the Included Studies section before you can begin constructing the data tables.

TO CREATE A TEST

1. Right-click the Data Tables by Test heading in the outline pane (under Data and analyses) and choose Add Test.
The New Test Wizard opens.
2. Enter a name for the test.
You can add a full name for the test in the Full Name field.
3. Click Next.
4. Enter a description of the test.
5. Click Finish.
The test you created opens as a new tab in the content pane. It will be empty because studies have not yet been added to it.

If you later on wish to modify the test, right-click it and choose Properties.

Before you can enter the test data, you must link studies and tests. You can do this either from the tests or the studies.

TO LINK STUDIES TO A TEST

1. Right-click the test in the outline pane and choose Add Test Data.
The Add Test Data Wizard opens.
2. Select the studies for which you want to be able to add data.
Use Ctrl-click (Command-click on Mac OS) to select multiple studies. If studies have already been used once for the test, this will be shown. You can add a study more than once.
3. Click Finish.

TO LINK TESTS TO A STUDY

1. Right-click the study in the outline pane and choose Add Test Data.
The Add Test Data Wizard opens.
2. Select the tests for which you want to be able to add data.
Use Ctrl-click (Command-click on Mac OS) to select multiple tests. If tests have already been used once for the study, this will be shown.
3. Click Finish.

After you have set up the data tables, you can enter the data of each study in the cells. See Entering data.

Covariates

You can add covariates if you would like to see how the results differ between subgroups of studies or if you want to include these covariates in your regression analyses (see Analysis graphs in diagnostic reviews). It may be wise to define your covariates before you start entering data. The covariates can then be entered simultaneously with the rest of the data (instead of going back and adding covariate data for the studies afterwards).

TO ADD A COVARIATE

1. Right-click the Covariates heading in the outline and choose Add Covariate.
The Add Covariate Wizard opens.
2. Enter the name of the covariate and a more detailed description.
3. Select whether you want to enter the data for this covariate at the study or test level.
4. Select whether it is a dichotomous or a continuous covariate.
5. Choose a type of covariate data and click Next.
There are two data types:
 - For continuous covariates, you may enter a default value.
 - For categorical covariates, you must define the different categories. Click Add to create a category. When all categories have been created, use the pull-down list to specify the default category.

If you would like to be able to show subgroups on the SROC plot, you should choose the categorical data.

6. Click Finish.
The covariate appears in the outline . You can now enter the data of the covariates in the data tables by test or the data tables by study.

Note: Although you may want to explore the effect of certain quality items and would like to add these as covariates, these need not to be entered under this heading. The quality items are already under the Characteristics of Included Studies.

Covariate Properties

You can enter and modify information about the covariates you would like to add via the covariate properties windows.

TO MODIFY COVARIATE PROPERTIES

1. Right-click the covariate and choose Properties.
The Covariate Properties window opens to the General tab.
2. Change the short name or full name of the test as needed.
3. Select whether you want to add the values for the covariate
 - for all studies and for one test or
 - per study for all tests.
4. To specify the type of covariate (continuous or categorical), click the Type tab .
For continuous covariates, you must enter a default value.
For categorical covariates, you must define the different categories. Click Add to create a category. When all categories have been created, use the pull-down list to specify the default category.
5. Click OK.

Entering data

You can enter the data for each test that you want to include in your review in two ways:

- per study, for all tests reported in that study, or

- per test, for all studies that report data about that test.

If you have many included studies and only a few tests, entering the data by test will be easiest, and vice-versa. Regardless of which option you choose, RevMan automatically also uses the data in the other section.

Tip: If you define covariates before you begin entering data, the covariates can be entered simultaneously with the rest of the data, see Covariates.

The following section describes entering data by test, but the same principles apply when entering data per study.

Entering data by test

The test's tab will have a row for each study. There are 4 or more columns in this table where you can enter data: data: true positives (TP), false positives (FP), false negatives (FN) and true negatives (TN) - plus a column for each covariate you have specified.

If you know TP, FP, FN and TN for all included studies you can directly input the data in the table.

TO ENTER DATA

1. Click in the cell where you want to begin entering data.
2. Input the data.
3. Move to the next cell and repeat.
You can use the Tab key to move to the following data cell, or use the arrow keys to move in any direction.

When you have finished inputting the data for each study, RevMan automatically calculates the values of sensitivity and specificity and plots the forest plots of sensitivity and specificity.

Calculating data

If you only know some of the values of the 2 by 2 tables for an included study, you can use the calculator tool to obtain the 2 by 2 Table from other parameters, such as sensitivity and specificity.

TO CALCULATE DATA

1. Open *either*
 - A Study tab in Data tables by study and click a study *or*
 - A Test tab in Data tables by Test and click a test.

Click .

The calculator window opens. Any study data already entered is used in the corresponding fields.

Input the data you have.

If the number you enter is valid, the background in the cell is green, but if there is an error in the data, the background is red. For example, you should enter sensitivity and specificity as proportions and not as percentages. So for example, 0.74 instead of 74 or 74%. If you enter 74, the cell turns red.

Tip: You can use the Tab key to move to the next field.

Click OK.

The values in the relevant fields are transferred to the Data table.

Analysis graphs in diagnostic reviews

Before an analysis can be performed, you must have completed these steps:

- Included studies.
- Constructed data tables.
- Entered data.

TO ADD AN ANALYSES

1. Right-click Analyses under Data and Analyses in the outline and choose Add Analysis. The New Analysis Wizard opens.
2. Enter a Name for the analysis.
3. Click Next.
4. Select the analysis type and any tests to include.
5. Click Finish.

After you have specified the name and basic properties of an analysis, you can provide details of the analysis using the Analysis properties.

Analysis Properties

TO FURTHER SPECIFY OR MODIFY AN ANALYSIS

1. Right-click on a specific analysis under the Analyses heading in the outline and choose Properties. The Analysis properties window opens.
2. Edit the information in the four tabs:
 - General for editing the name of analyses, the type of test analyses, the data that will be used in the analyses, and the confidence interval used for individual study estimates of sensitivity and specificity.
 - SROC plot for editing the feature of SROC plot, e.g. to define a scale of size of points in SROC plot, weights of analysis, and plotting options..
 - Forest plot for editing the feature of the forest plot. You can add risk of bias and applicability items and covariates on the forest plot and sort studies within the forest plot.
 - Sources of heterogeneity for specifying subgroup analyses.
3. Click OK.

Analyses Properties: General tab

Single test analysis is for analyzing the accuracy of a single index test.

Multiple test analysis is for analyzing and visualizing the accuracy of two or more index tests.

The Analyze Paired Data Only option can only be used for multiple test analyses. This option allows you to restrict the analyses to those studies which have reported data on a pair of index tests.

Select Investigate Sources of Heterogeneity if you want to examine accuracy by subgroups of studies.

Under Tests, you can select which data tables to include in the analysis.

Analyses Properties: SROC plot tab

You can specify the characteristics of the SROC analysis.

Display SROC curves determines whether or not to draw a SROC curve.

Axis Off means that the normal axes are removed, the scale markers are moved a little away from the graph and the background of the graph area is colored very light grey.

Display Study Points controls whether the pairs of sensitivity and specificity of individual studies will be displayed in the ROC plot.

Display CI on Study Points controls whether confidence intervals will be displayed as lines through each study point in the ROC plot.

Symmetry determines whether to draw a SROC curve that is symmetrical around the line running from the upper left to lower right corner of the SROC graph (=constant odds ratio model) or asymmetric (=odds ratio is allowed to vary with threshold).

Use Weight for Analysis to specify the type of weight to be used in the SROC analysis.

Use Scale for Size of Points to specify whether individual study points are displayed with equal size markers or markers where their sizes reflect either differences in sample size, inverse standard error. You can also have different markers according to the value of a covariate. If you have many overlapping points, you can use Percentage Scaling for All Points to reduce all point sizes by the same percentage.

Display Paired Data Lines controls whether lines are drawn between paired data points when Analyze Paired Data Only is selected. If enabled, you can also choose a line style and colour.

Analyses Properties: Forest plot tab

A forest plot provides a visual overview of the results of individual studies that will go into the meta-analyses. It shows estimates of sensitivity or specificity of individual studies together with their confidence intervals. It provides a simple representation of the amount of variation among results of different studies.

The following characteristics of a forest plot can be changed:

Quality Items Displayed on Forest plot – To add information about specific quality items of individual studies to the forest plot.

Covariates Displayed on Forest plot – To add information about certain covariates of individual studies to the forest plot.

Sort Study by – You can determine the ranking of individual studies within the forest plot. You can rank studies according to various factors, including the height of sensitivity or specificity, year of publication, quality item or any other covariate you have specified.

Analyses Properties: Sources of heterogeneity tab

You can examine whether the accuracy of studies differ by certain characteristics of studies. A stratified analysis of studies will be performed showing whether accuracy of studies differ by subgroups of studies. No formal testing such as p-values will be calculated in this version of RevMan to determine whether results are significantly different. RevMan will show separate ROC curves per subgroup.

Subgroups of studies can be based on quality items or based on any other specified covariate (using all, or only a subset of the covariate values).

TO CREATE AN ANALYSIS SHOWING SUBGROUPS IN ROC PLANE

1. Add a number of covariates using categorical data .
See Covariates.

2. Open the data table for the test.
See Entering data.
3. Assign the categories.
There is a column for each covariate.
4. Create a new analysis, set to use the Investigate Sources of Heterogeneity option.
5. Open the Properties for the analysis and go to the Sources of Heterogeneity tab.
7. Select the Covariate option, and use the pull down list to choose a covariate.
8. If you only want to use some of the covariate values, deselect the ones to exclude.
9. Click Apply.

Graph colour, symbols and range

The unfilled symbols represent individual study estimates, solid circles are the summary points (meta-analytical estimates of sensitivity and specificity), solid lines are the summary HSROC curves, dotted lines surrounding the summary points are x% confidence regions, and the dashed lines around these points are the x% prediction regions.

RevMan automatically chooses a colour and symbol to use for each test included in an analysis. But you can also choose your own custom options for each test in the Analysis content pane.

You can use a custom Specificity Range to control the specificities over which the SROC curve will be drawn.

Additional analysis using results from outside RevMan

In the Analysis content pane there is also the option to make additional figures based on the results of more complex models, like the HSROC and Bivariate model (see the Cochrane Handbook for Systematic Reviews of Diagnostic Test Accuracy). These more complex models can not be fitted in RevMan, but you can perform these analyses in an external statistical package and then import the results into RevMan.

Externally calculated parameters

You choose a model for creating a corresponding confidence ellipse around summary point. There are two models:

1. HSROC Model

Here you can enter the five parameters of the HSROC model:

- Lambda – accuracy parameter.
- Theta – cut-point parameter.
- Beta – shape parameter.
- Var(accuracy) – variance of accuracy parameter.
- Var(threshold) – variance of threshold parameter.

These parameters can be calculated using BUGS software, or in SAS using Proc NLMIXED. Software code for BUGS to fit this model can be found in Rutter et al (2001), and SAS code for fitting the model is available in the appendix of Chapter 10 of the Handbook. Based on these parameters a (new) summary ROC curve and a summary point will be drawn.

2. Bivariate Model

You can enter the five parameters of the bivariate model:

- E(logitSe) – expected mean value of logit transformed sensitivity.

- $E(\text{logitSp})$ – expected mean value of logit transformed specificity.
- $\text{Var}(\text{logitSe})$ – between-study variance of logit transformed sensitivity.
- $\text{Var}(\text{logitSp})$ – between study variance of logit transformed specificity.
- One of the following:
 - $\text{Cov}(\text{logits})$ – covariance between logit transformed sensitivity and specificity, or
 - $\text{Corr}(\text{logits})$ – correlation between logit transformed of sensitivity and specificity

These parameters can be calculated using SAS or STATA software. Details of the bivariate model can be found in Reitsma et al. (2005) and in Chapter 10 of the Handbook.

References:

1. Reitsma JB, Glas AS, Rutjes AWS, Scholten RJPM, Bossuyt PM, Zwinderman AH. Bivariate analysis of sensitivity and specificity produces informative summary measures in diagnostic reviews. *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology*. 2005;58(10):982-90.
2. Rutter CM, Gatsonis CA. A hierarchical regression approach to meta-analysis of diagnostic test accuracy evaluations. *Stat Med*. 2001;20(19):2865-84.

CREATING CONFIDENCE AND PREDICTION REGIONS

Based on the results of the bivariate model, you can also create a confidence region around the summary sensitivity and specificity as well as a prediction region (the region likely to contain the sensitivity and specificity of a new individual study). The following parameters need to be imported into RevMan:

- $SE(E(\text{logitSe}))$ – standard error of the expected mean logit transformed sensitivity.
- $SE(E(\text{logitSp}))$ – standard error of the expected mean logit transformed of specificity.
- $\text{Cov}(Es)$ – covariance between expected mean logit sensitivity and specificity
- Studies – the number of studies in the analysis.

2. Click one or more of the following check boxes:

- To obtain a summary curve, click check box in front of “Display summary curve”.
- To obtain a summary point, click check box in front of “Display summary point”.
- To obtain a X% confidence region (options are 90%, 95% or 99%, the default is 95%), click the check box in front of “Display X% confidence region”.
- To obtain a X% prediction region (options are 50%, 90% or 95%, the default is 95%), click the check box in front of “Display X% prediction region”.

Figures in diagnostic reviews

Generally, using figures in diagnostic reviews work like in intervention reviews (see Figures generated by RevMan). But some of the diagnostic review figures have additional properties, described below.

SROC plots properties

Label SROC curves - show the test name next to the curve.

Show study names - show the Study ID next to each data point.

Autogenerate numbers for study names – if too many or studies overlap considerably, instead of labelling with study names, study points can be labelled with numbers with a legend added to the plot for the study numbers and corresponding study names

Risk of bias and applicability concerns graph properties

Drawing options

Show number of studies on plot - adds the number of studies for each response category to each bar on the plot.

Select index test group(s) to display

Filter plot by studies in selected test groups - use this to only use the studies in the select test groups for this graph. By using this option you can create multiple graphs each limited to a subset of test groups.

Index test domains - use this to select the test groups to include.

Risk of bias and applicability concerns summary properties

Select index test group(s) to display

Filter plot by studies in selected test groups - use this to only use the studies in the select test groups for this summary. By using this option you can create multiple summaries each limited to a subset of test groups.

Index test domains - use this to select the test groups to include.

Appendices

What's new in previous versions

New in RevMan 5.2

Most of the changes in RevMan 5.2 are for DTA reviews.

DTA changes:

Text of Review/Main text

The changes ONLY apply to new DTA reviews or where an existing review switches to QUADAS-2 for assessment of methodological quality

- Background section: 'Alternative test' subheading removed and replaced with 'Clinical pathway' with three optional subheadings.
Text can be entered under clinical pathway as well as under any of the subheadings
- Objectives section: 'Investigation of sources of heterogeneity' subheading removed and existing text combined with the 'Secondary objectives' subheading
- Methods section: removal of the subheading 'Comparator tests'. Existing text merged with 'Index tests'.
- Discussion section: 'Applicability of findings to clinical practice and policy' changed to 'Applicability of findings to the review question'

Tables

- 'Summary of results table' changed to 'Summary of findings table'.
Note this is not the same as the summary of findings table for interventions and does not rely on GRADE.

Studies and references

Study characteristics for included studies: the changes ONLY apply to new DTA reviews or where an existing review switches to QUADAS-2 for assessment of methodological quality.

- New data entry structure for Characteristics of Included Studies and Methodological Quality data tables. Due to overlap between the expected content of the 'Characteristics of included studies' table and that of the description expected for each domain in the QUADAS-2 table, the two tables have been combined into one in RevMan 5.2. However, in the published review both tables are rendered separately. It is possible to preview the characteristics table within RevMan 5.2.
- Fields in the Characteristics of Included Studies tables renamed or merged:
 - Study design becomes Patient sampling
 - Participants and, Clinical features and setting merged into one field as Patient characteristics and setting.
 - Follow up becomes Flow and timing.

Data and analyses

- Confidence intervals used on SROC and forest plots for individual study estimates of sensitivity and specificity – choice of 90%, 95%, and 99%. The default is 95%.
- Confidence regions used for summary points – choice of 90%, 95%, and 99%. The default is 95%.

- Prediction regions used for summary points – choice of 50%, 90%, and 95%. The default is 95%.
- Confidence intervals can be plotted on individual study points in ROC space.
- Option to switch axes off when study points coincide with axes.
- Scaling overall size of study points to improve their appearance on SROC plots.
- SROC plots with paired data – appearance of connecting lines.
- SROC plots with multiple tests or investigation of heterogeneity:
 - Plotting options – choice of symbols and colours.
 - Different specificity range for each SROC curve, so option moved from properties to content pane
- Legend added for SROC plot of a single test.
- Covariate – option for selecting only some of the categories of a categorical covariate for conducting analyses.

Figures

- Study names on SROC plots – if too many or studies overlap considerably, instead of labelling with study names, study points can be labelled with numbers with a legend added to the plot for the study numbers and corresponding study names.
- SC ROC axis labels - 'Sensitivity' and 'Specificity' are centered along their respective axes, and 'Sensitivity' displayed vertically
- Quality graphs – drawing options for enhancing the graphs.
 - Renamed to 'Risk of bias and applicability concerns'.
 - Option to add the number of studies for each response category to each bar on the plot.
 - Produce figures per test group.

NOT DTA

- Import studies – ability to import XML format containing study data, including Study characteristics. For intervention reviews only.
- Export references in Vancouver style.
- Preview published PDF – generates a preview of the published PDF version. In File menu.
- Active choice of forest plot labels is required, with validation error if left as default.
- Validation check for the accuracy of references to other Cochrane reviews.
- Review number displayed in Check out window.
- Default width when creating a new table –to make them wider, tables now start with [Insert text] in the first row
- Wider default boxes in flow diagrams.

New in RevMan 5.1

Text editing

- Extended text character support, including Arabic and Chinese.
- Multiple links (to studies, figures, etc.) can be added to the text with fewer clicks.

- Links can be ordered chronologically or alphabetically when inserted.
- Tracked changes can be resolved for a selection of text or table cells.
- Smaller spacing between paragraphs in tables.
- Insert Symbol dialog shows the decimal code for the selected symbol (allows Alt+code insertion).
- Yellow text marker applicable to text with tracked changes and/or text that includes links.
- Sticky marker maintains switch to highlight text - even after moving insertion point.

Review information

- Support for multiple affiliations per author.
- Review number is displayed and, optionally, printed.

Text of Review / Main text

- Split screen option for the Text of Review tab.
- User defined headings can be inserted at the same level as recommended (activated) headings.
- Any text under a subheading is maintained when the subheading is deactivated.
- Primary reference is shown when hovering the mouse over a study link.
- Context sensitive Handbook icon for Text of Review tab.

Tables

- Imported Summary of Findings tables are editable in RevMan.
- When a Summary of Findings table is created in RevMan, you can choose the outcomes and columns to include.
- Risk of Bias names and descriptions have been reworded.
- Labels for Risk of Bias judgement have changed to High risk, Unclear risk, and Low risk.
- Order of Risk of Bias items (domains) can be modified.
- Risk of Bias tables can be copied between reviews.
- All Risk of Bias items are enabled by default when a new review is created.
- Additional tables can be added based on clipboard content.

Studies and References

- On the study edit tab you can see the outcomes for which data have been entered for the study.
- In addition to the standard pick list for journal titles, you can maintain your own list.
- References in Vancouver format (journal articles only) can be imported.
- Import of references to Cochrane Reviews from The Cochrane Library works more smoothly.
- The number of ignored text lines is displayed when importing references.

Data and analyses

- Calculator tool facilitates data entry by allowing transformation between effect sizes, confidence intervals, standard errors, Z and P values into data required by RevMan.
- Test for subgroup differences available for all analyses including Mantel-Haenszel fixed effect and random effects models.
- Studies can be added to outcomes based on Risk of Bias judgements, year range, or free text search in the Outcomes section of Characteristics of included studies.

- Quick toolbar buttons for switching between effect measures and random effect/fixed effects models.
- Labels on forest plots can be changed at the comparison level.
- More options/properties immediately available when adding a new outcome.
- More outcomes properties can be exported.

Figures

- Support for creation and editing of PRISMA flow diagrams.
- Option for showing four decimals instead of two on forest plot figures.

Review and file management

- My Reviews screen makes it easier to access the reviews you are involved in and helps decide whether to check out a review or open a local file.
- When opening a review file that you haven't checked out, you are prompted if you want to mark the review as checked out.
- Contact person of review is shown on the Check Out screen.
- Opening a file from a temporary location (e.g. the directory where your browser stores downloaded files) does not change the default directory.
- When opening a file, list view vs. details view is maintained from last session.

Validation

- Link from validation report to relevant edit screen for correcting problem.
- Error if withdrawn reviews contain other events than Amended.
- Warning if Plain language summary exceeds 400 words.
- Warning if links in the text to numbered items, e.g. figures, do not appear in numerical order.
- Warning if date of What's new event is in the future.
- Warning if a link in a protocol refers to a section that is only published for full reviews.
- Warning if an additional reference shares its identifier with a study.
- Warning if the DOI for a reference to a Cochrane Review is incorrectly formatted.
- Warning if an outcome using the generic inverse variance data type has enabled the participants columns but has not used them.
- Warning if there are more than 6 figures.

Diagnostic test accuracy reviews

- Default specificity range for SROC plots changed from 0.05–0.95 to 0.7–0.99.
- Improved symbols for SROC plots with more colours available.
- Improved legends for SROC plots.
- Covariate categories can be defined with fewer clicks.
- Prevalence included in calculator.

Miscellaneous

- Welcome screen improved and reorganised.
- Non-Cochrane mode disables features specific to Cochrane use.
- Wizard buttons renamed to Continue when a follow up action is chosen.
- Previous/Next buttons on edit tabs for browsing through references, outcomes, etc.

Help

- Reorganised Help menu, structured by content area.
- Tutorial for diagnostic test accuracy reviews included.
- Link to RevMan forum.
- Link to Handbook for Diagnostic Test Accuracy Reviews updated.
- Tutorial review available on Mac OS X.